Titusville Morning Herald.

THE FIRST DAILY PAPER IN THE OIL REGIONS.

VOL. VII.—NO. 399. TITUSVILLE, PA., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 5, 1871. WHOLE NO. 1789.

Titusville Morning Herald.

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BLOSS BROS. & COGSWELL,

W. W. BLOSS, H. C. BLOSS ....Editors.
J. H. COGSWELL..........Business Manager.

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☞ Letters on Business, subscriptions, etc., address to Bloss Bros. & Cogswell.

☞ Advertising rates furnished on application by mail, or at the counting-room.

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Subscribers (by mail) per year.......... 10 00

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Single copies (52 numbers).......... $2 00
Ten " to one office.......... 15 00

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W. C. ALLISON & SONS,

Office and Works

32d and Walnut Sts.,

Philadelphia.

TRADE (A) MARK.

BRANCH OFFICE

FERTIG BLOCK,

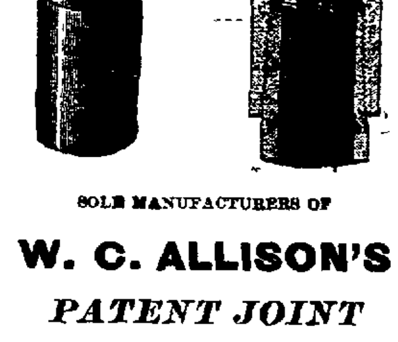
Titusville, Pa.

MANUFACTURERS OF

LAP WELDED

Tubing & Casing

Both Plain and Galvanized, for Oil and Salt Wells, American Charcoal Iron Boiler Tubes, Lap Welded Tubing for Steam and Water.



SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF

W. C. ALLISON'S

PATENT JOINT

Oil Well Tubing.

This Superior Tubing is furnished with heavy sockets and is cut with a vanishing screw thread, corresponding exactly with the thread in the socket, so that when screwed up it has a bearing the whole length of the joint and the absence of a deep thread on the tube at the end of the socket obviates the liability to break at that point from the vibration caused by the action of the pump.

Each length and socket is stamped with our trade mark, and is carefully tested before shipment with a hydraulic pressure of 1,200 pounds to the square inch.

W. C. ALLISON & SONS.

Trade MT & Co Mark.

PASCAL IRON WORKS!

MORRIS, TASKER & CO.,

Works So. 5th and Tasker sts.,
Office 209 So. Third st., Philadelphia:
Office and Warehouse, 15 Gold st., New York,

Manufacturers of

LAP-WELDED

OIL WELL

TUBE & CASING,

Wrought Iron

Welded Tubes,

in and Galvanized, from 1-8 inch to 8 inch Inside diameter.

Lap-Welded Boiler Tubes,

from 1¼ to 10 inches, outside diameter, in lengths 20 feet and under, made of best American Charcoal Iron.

Screwing Machines,

and a full assortment of

GAS AND STEAM FITTERS'

TOOLS AND MATERIALS.

Cast and Maleable Iron Fittings,

BRASS AND IRON BODY VALVES AND COCKS,

of all sizes from 1-8 inch to 12 inch,

Gas Works, Lamp Posts, &c.

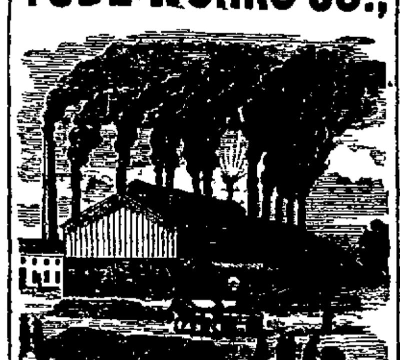
Our Oil Well Tubes are tested before leaving our works, with a pressure of 1,900 lbs. to the square inch. Each length is stamped near the screw with our trade mark—the sockets are not.

feb9-tf

TUBING AND CASING.

NATIONAL

TUBE WORKS CO.,



BOSTON, MASS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

LAP-WELDED OIL WELL

Tubing & Casing.

We would call the particular attention of dealers and producers to this make of Tubing and Casing. One of the important features in the manufacture of our Tubing is, that the

Lap and the Weld

are made perfectly straight, smooth and uniform, thereby giving equal and great strength to the tubing throughout.

Each joint carefully inspected, reamed at end, and proved with the sockets on at a hydraulic pressure of 1,200 pounds to the square inch before shipment.

Each length stamped with our trade mark,

Diamond "B."

no17-tf

IRON WORKS.

TITUSVILLE

NOVELTY WORKS.

Gibbs, Russell & Sterrett,

PROPRIETORS

Titusville, Pa., and Nunda, N.Y.

MACHINISTS,

IRON FOUNDERS AND FORGERS,

BUILDERS OF

Stills, Iron Tanks, Engines and Boilers,

Dealers in

IT PIPE, JOSEPH NASON & CO'S STEAM AND GAS FITTINGS, MORRIS TASKER & CO'S LAPWELDED CASING AND TUBING.

Manufacturers of

Drilling Tools & Steel Jars.

Repairing of all kinds done, and all kinds of Oil Well supplies kept constantly on hand. Brass Works of every description, &c., &c.

Our extensive experience in Tank Building enables us to assure the public that work of this description entrusted to us, will be of the highest order.

Our Drilling Tools are the best manufactured in this country.

Our stock is selected with great care

We have in our employ the best Steel Workman in this section of country.

All kinds of work WARRANTED.

Our Office and Shop is on Monroe street, near the Depot.

F. H. GIBBS, J. T. RUSSELL, WM B. STERRETT.

23mch-tf

TRADE T MARK.

G. W. TIFFT, SONS & CO.

ENGINES,

12, 10, 8 HORSE POWER,

WITH OR WITHOUT

LINK AND GOVERNOR.

BOILERS,

24, 14, 12, and 10 H. P.,

LOCOMOTIVE STYLE.

40 26, 22, and 18 H. P.,

STATIONARY TUBULAR.

K. BRETT & SON, Agents,

Room No. 3, Chase & Stewart's Block,

jy11 TITUSVILLE, PA.

H. FREEMAN,

Dealer in W. C. ALLISON & SON'S Superior

Casing and Tubing

with PLAIN or PATENT COUPLING.

The danger heretofore experienced in having Tubing break at the Coupling is obviated by using Allison & Son's Tubing with patent Coupling. Also exclusive agent for the

EXCELSIOR GAS PUMP.

Having twice the suction of any other Gas Pump, This Pump is NOT EXCELLED for DURABILITY. The valve to this Pump will last for years without repairing.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND

Engines, Boilers, Tubing, Casing and Gas Pipes.

for sale at the lowest market prices.

jan17-1y H. FREEMAN, Petroleum Centre.

$14.00.

OUR CELEBRATED

Wrought Iron Working Barrels!

Manufactured and for sale by Jennings & Demilt at the above low price, also,

VALVE CUPS,

At the LOWEST MARKET PRICE, corner Pine and Martin street. P. O. box 1259.

TITUSVILLE, February 2, 1870. feb2-3m

ENGINES AND BOILERS.

IN STOCK AND FOR SALE CHEAP

Sizes of Tugs	Stationary
21x24	22x24
13x15	10½x18
10x10	10x16
	8x12
	6x10
	4x8
	3½x12

☞ Other sizes Engines made to order.

All kinds NEW AND SECOND HAND Iron and Wood Working Machinery, Saw Mills, &c, &c.

BUFFALO MACHINERY AGENCY, 39 Mechanic St., Buffalo, N. Y.

mh22-d3w

MISCELLANEOUS.

Plumbing and Gas Fitting.

The largest and cheapest stock of

GAS FIXTURES

And Plumbers' Materials in the City.

The subscriber having secured the services of practical men, both in the Plumbing and Gas Fitting branches, is now prepared to fit up

Houses and Stores with Hot and Cold Water Pipes or Gas Pipes

At reasonable rates. All work from this shop warranted. All orders left at the office of the Gas Company, on

SPRING ST, UNDER SECOND NATIONAL BANK,

Will be promptly attended to.

1mar-tf JOHN O'NEILE.

B. W. MURRAY,

No. 5 Diamond Street,

Dealer in General

HARDWARE,

AMERICAN

AND

NEW EMPIRE COOK STOVES.

ALSO THE

MORNING GLORY FURNACE

Tin Roofing, Spouting,

AND

JOBBING.

On short notice. He also keeps on hand a general stock of

House Furnishing Goods,

And all kinds of

Iron, Nails,
Spokes, Felloes,
Hubs, Agricultural
Implements and Mechanics' Tools, etc.

BALLANTINE'S

Industrial Works!

SIGN of the BIG GUN & KEY.

No. 26 Franklin Street,

Titusville, - Penna.

The undersigned having had long experience in making models for the Patent Office and having engaged the very best of workmen to assist him, is now prepared to execute all orders of this description with neatness and dispatch.

Particular attention paid to repairing Sewing Machines of all makes. Machines need no longer to be sent abroad for repairs as he has competent mechanics in his employ and guarantees satisfaction.

Is also agent for the celebrated Mosler, Bahmann & Co.'s Fire and Burglar Proof Safes with Sargent & Greenleaf's Magnetic Bank and Combination Safe Locks.

Locksmithing and Bell Hanging executed on short notice. All work warranted. No. 26 Franklin Street, Titusville, Pa. Sign of the Big Gun and Key.

Feb. 21, 1870. A. T. BALLANTINE. feb23dtf

FARRAR & TREFT'S

STEAM ENGINE

....AND....

BOILER WORKS

OF BUFFALO.

Stationary and Portable,

On hand and for sale, delivered at any point in the oil regions.

We guarantee these Engines

Unequalled for Economy, Strength and Durability.

Our stock of BOILERS embraces both

PORTABLE and STATIONARY IN ALL SIZES.

We claim superiority in point of quality of iron and in general manufacture, and invite the *inspection of oil operators.*

R. C. McPHERSON, General Agent.

Office at Mansion House, Titusville, Pa. je1-3m

H. L. NUSE & CO.,

IMPORTERS OF AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Watches, Clocks,

JEWELRY,

Spectales, Table & Pocket Cutlery

FIRE-ARMS, FISHING TACKLE,

Sterling Silver and Plated Ware.

SOLID RINGS AND JEWELRY MADE TO ORDER. PARTICULAR ATTENTION PAID TO ENGRAVING AND REPAIRING.

H. L NUSE. C. HERMANN. F. P. NUSE.

feb3-dtf

ATTENTION.

Consumers and Dealers Can Find

PAPERS

For wrapping up hams
For wrapping up glassware
For wrapping up roasted coffee
For wrapping up groceries.
For wrapping up dry goods
For wrapping up hardware
For wrapping up batting
For wrapping up carpets
For wrapping up trimmings.
For lining frame houses
For roofing houses

PAPERS

Full stock on hand, and made to order.

FRAZIER, METZGER & CO.

82 Third Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

mch14-d6m.

Junius Harris,

Sawing, Turning and Planing Mill,

EAST WALNUT STREET, between MARTIN and DRAKE STREETS,

Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds of dry Lumber, suitable for building purposes. SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, NEWEL BALUSTERS, Stair Railing and Trimmings, Brackets, Fence Pickets, Window and Door Frames, Builders' Mouldings in all varieties, and everything needed in the erection of a first-class building

Also Contracts executed for the erection of all kind of buildings. jan7tf

LAWYERS--NOTARIES.

GURDON S. BERRY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Has moved his office from Franklin street to FERTIG BLOCK,

Diamond street, corner of Martin, Titusville, Pa.

no8 dawlm

GEO. F. CHESTER,

Attorney at Law,

Office over Second National Bank,

sept29tf TITUSVILLE.

BARRY, & JOHNS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office in Chase & Stewart's Block, Titusville, Pa.

A. W. BARRY. H. C. JOHNS.

M. W. POND, JR., ATTORNEY AT LAW, and Real Estate Agent. Office over 2d Nat. Bank. 21jan-tf

GEORGE A. CHASE,

Attorney at Law,

No. 1 Second Floor,

CHASE & STEWART BLOCK,

Titusville, Pa.

ap16 tf

J. H. RHODES, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, 219 Superior Street, Cleveland, Ohio

Practices in State and United States Courts.

Prompt attention to business jan 21

ANDREW B. HOWLAND, NOTARY PUBLIC.

Office over Second National Bank, Titusville, Pa.

ARCHITECTS.

HENRY E. WRIGLEY,

CIVIL ENGINEER,

ARCHITECT

AND

Solicitor of Patents.

Published Maps of all parts of the Oil Region.

OFFICE OVER POST OFFICE.

je1

A. B. HOWLAND,

Civil Engineer and City Surveyor.

Office over Second National Bank

TITUSVILLE, PA.

Having completed the survey and location of the several streets in the city under the authority of the City Council, I am now prepared to locate and define the boundaries of any lots therein. Surveys of lots will be made promptly and on reasonable terms.

1dectf

WM. VON ULRICH,

Architect and Civil Engineer,

Office First Floor, Odd Fellows Block,

Franklin St., Titusville, Pa.,

Will execute drawings, plans and specifications for Churches, School Houses and Public and Private Buildings of every description. Also, Water Works, etc., and superintends their construction.

no14 dtf

HIRAM SMITH,

Practical Architect and Designer,

WILL MAKE

Drawings and Specifications,

for all kinds of

BUILDINGS

And will superintend the same if desired. For reference, at Jamestown, his former place of residence

Col. A. F. Allen, D. H. Grandin, Esq,
Judge O. Cook, Julius Hall, Esq.

☞ Office with Bryan, Dillingham & Co
Bush House, Titusville, Pa. feb22tf

DENTISTS.

LUCE, DOWNES & COMER,

Surgeon Dentists,

Corner Spring and Franklin streets, over Savings Bank. Office hours from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m.

GEO. J. LUCE,
J. H. DOWNES,
feb2-d1y FRANK R. W. COMER

WM. M. COOMBS, DENTIST, No. 61 West Spring street, Titusville, Pa. All work warranted. Prices moderate. Office open day and night. Business hours—8 a. m. to 5 p. m.

DENTISTRY.

BY DR. C. B. HAMMOND,

In Chase & Stewart Block,

CORNER OF SPRING AND FRANKLIN STS, TITUSVILLE, PA

N. L. WILLARD, Dentist, No. 2 Fletcher's Block, over Allen's Drug Store

Office open day and night. Business hours from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. mh23tf

HOTELS.

PARSHALL HOUSE,

Williams & Murray, Proprietors,

TITUSVILLE, PA.

This house is now open for the reception of guests. It is elegantly furnished throughout, comprising all the modern improvements, and guests will receive all the attention and comforts obtainable in the best hotels of the country.

TERMS

Transient .... $3 00 per day
Table Board .... $5 00 per week
E Z WILLIAMS GEORGE MURRAY

BROWN'S HOTEL,

AT MILLER FARM, PA.,

Just opened. New and complete throughout. Extra accommodations for transient and permanent guests. J. O'NEIL, Proprietor.

may17-tf

C. C. WILLARD,

EBBITT HOUSE!

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Guests will find this paper on file in the Reading Rooms. mch4-d1y

CITY HOTEL & RESTAURANT.

OPP. CORINTHIAN HALL, SPRING STREET.

ON THE EUROPEAN PLAN.

THOS. GOODWIN, Prop.

Meals at all hours. Bar supplied with the choicest Wines, Liquors and Cigars. Orders for private parties or families filled on notice. 18augtf.

E. RALPH,

PAINT SHOP,

No. 6 South Franklin Street.

SUNDAY MORNING NEWS.

On or about December 25, 1870, there will be issued in Titusville the "SUNDAY MORNING NEWS," a large folio paper of Thirty-six columns, printed with plain type on the best of white paper. The "NEWS" will be filled with high-toned elevating Literature, Religious Intelligence, Local Matters, and the

Latest News Sent Over the Wires on Saturday,

up to the time of going to press. The "NEWS" will be a FIRST-CLASS paper in every respect, and will begin with a *Regular Circulation of One Thousand Copies.*

☞ All the work in its publication will be done on Saturdays.

A few select advertisements will be received from first-class houses.

For terms, call at the office of publication, No 32 Diamond street, adjoining the Crittenden House, or address

"SUNDAY MORNING NEWS," Lock Box 1271 Titusville, Pa.

dec14 tf

COKE!

For sale by the Gas Company

feb20 L. H. SEVERANCE, Receiver.

IRON WORKS.

PETROLEUM IRON WORKS!

BRYAN, DILLINGHAM & CO.,

MACHINISTS,

Iron & Brass Founders, Forgers.

MANUFACTURERS OF

Engines, Boilers, Drilling Tools, Circular, Mulay and Sash Saw Mills, Pumping Rigs, Walking Beam and Band Wheel Irons,

Plows, and all kinds of Castings

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

TUBING & CASING FOR OIL WELLS.

Stuffing Boxes, Clamps, Swivels Tongs, Brass and Iron Fittings for Steam and Gas, Working Barrels and Valves of every kind, Snow's Patent Liquid Packing Pump, with the late improvements.

In addition to the above we have in full operation a

Brass Foundry and Brass Furnishing Room,

Where we do all kinds of Brass work.

NOTE—Especial attention is called to our

NEW BOILER'S

and its HEAVY MACHINE for o fitting

TANKS, STILLS, BOILERS AND MAKING ALL NECESSARY REPAIRS.

N. B.—Sole manufacturers of

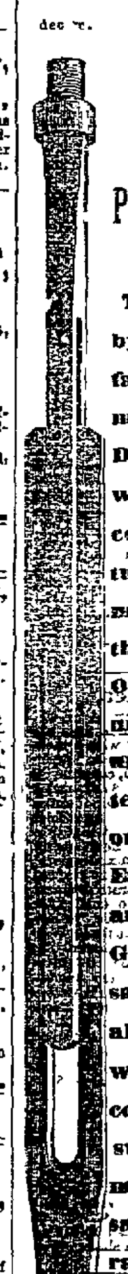
Guillod's Celebrated Steel Jars, Crocker's Patent Check Valve,

and

Griffith's Patent Water Packer,

Now in general use

dec ... B D & Co

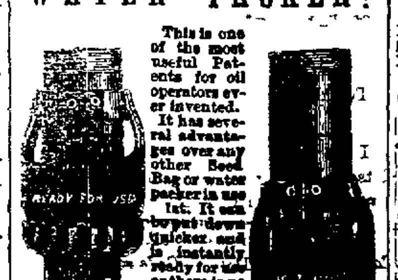


PATENT STEEL JARS.

The undersigned hereby give notice to manufacturers and parties making, selling or using Drilling Jars made of wrought iron or steel combined, that by virtue of certain assignments duly recorded at the United States Patent Office, we own the sole and absolute right, title and interest in three patents for Drilling Jars; one granted to James C. Eastman, in July, 1867, and two to Edward Guillod, in May, 1868; said patents covering all Jars made of wrought iron and steel combined, and applied substantially in the manner represented in said patents and generally known as steel jars.

Griffin's Patent

WATER PACKER!



This is one of the most useful Patents for oil operators ever invented.

It has several advantages over any other Seed Bag or water packer in use.

1st. It can be put down quicker, and is instantly ready for use as there is no waiting for seed to swell, and by its quick action the well is kept clean.

2d. It can never fasten tubing or casing in a well so that it cannot be taken out readily.

We have taken the Agency and Manufacture of

Bly's Patent Sucker-rod Adjuster.

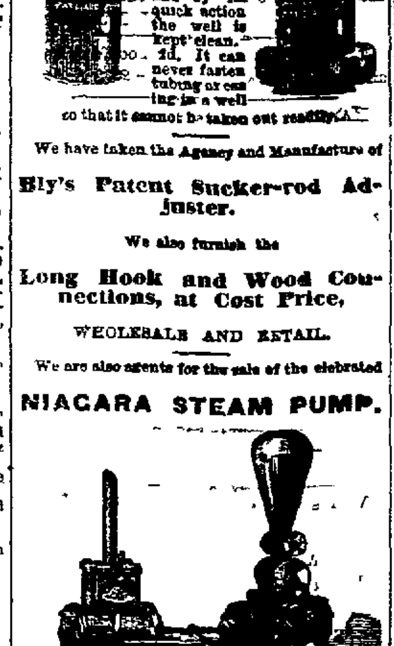
We also furnish the

Long Hook and Wood Connections, at Cost Price,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

We are also agents for the sale of the celebrated

NIAGARA STEAM PUMP.



☞ All orders will be filled at short notice by

BRYAN & DILLINGHAM.

FINANCIAL.

SUBSCRIPTIONS

TO

THE NEW GOVERNMENT

5 per Cent. Loan,

RECEIVED AT THE

TITUSVILLE

SAVINGS BANK.

mh22dtf

THE

SECOND NATIONAL BANK,

OF TITUSVILLE.

SUBSCRIPTIONS FOR THE

NEW GOVERNMENT LOAN

Will be received at this bank INTEREST PAYABLE QUARTERLY IN COIN.

mch11-dawtf G C HYDE, Cashier.

SECOND NATIONAL BANK

OF TITUSVILLE, PA.

Capital $200,000.

$500,000

IN GOVERNMENT BONDS

Deposited with the United States Treasurer to secure Bill Holders and Depositors.

Certificate of Deposit

Payable on Demand

Will be issued, bearing

FOUR PER CENT INTEREST

Per annum, from date of certificate, if left three months.

CHARLES HYDE, President.

G. C. HYDE, Cashier.

DIRECTORS

CHARLES HYDE, WM. M. HENDERSON
F. W. AMES, WM C HYDE,
WM. H. ABBOTT, F. F. WITHEROP,
J. D. ANGIER, W. B. STERRETT,
H. B. PORTER.

mch11.

Producers' and Manufacturers'

BANK.

Titusville, Penn'a.

CAPITAL..........$100,000.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

Buy and sell U. S. Government Gold Coupons, collect Interest and do a general Banking business. Have for sale all the issues of Government 5-20's U. S. Currency 6 per cent., and 10-40 Bonds. Titusville City School Bonds, 8 per cent. interest.

Also First Mortgage Dunkirk, Warren and Pittsburg R. R. Gold Bonds 7 per cent interest.

Foreign Exchange on all the principal European cities.

Agent for the Inman Line of Ocean Steamers.

STOCKHOLDERS:

D. D. Fletcher, R. E. Hopkins,
L. Emery, Jr., E. O. Emerson,
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S. H. Carpenter, Jonathan Watson,
G. K. Anderson, D. H. Mitchell,
Geo. S. Stewart, M. E. Vernon,
S. P. Boyer, Gibbs, Russell & Co.,
Milton Stewart, Wm S Watson,
Lyman Stewart, Samuel Harsh,
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Granger & Co., J. W. Irwin,
M. C. Beebe, D. Emery,
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DIRECTORS:

Milton Stewart, D. H. Mitchell,
W. H. Abbott, R. D. Fletcher,
S. Q. Brown, F. W. Andrews
F. H. Gibbs,

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT now in operation, and

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST

Allowed on Deposits.

5oct tf D. H. MITCHELL, President.

TITUSVILLE

SAVINGS BANK.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

F. W. AMES..........President
G. C. DUFFIELD..........Cashier.

DIRECTORS.

F. W. AMES, WM. H. ABBOTT,
JOSHUA DOUGLASS, W. T. NEILL,
GEO. S STEWART, WM GARDNER,
L. H. SEVERANCE

TRANSACTS A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS. INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC EXCHANGE FOR SALE. Agent for "National" and "Anchor" Lines of Trans-Atlantic steamers 25mchtf

GEO. H. BISSELL & CO.,

BANKERS,

AT PETROLEUM CENTRE, Pa., Buy and sell Exchange and Government Securities, Make Collections and do a General Banking Business. 1jetf

MEAT MARKETS.

New York Market

COR. FRANKLIN & MAIN STREETS,

TITUSVILLE.

HOFFER & CO.,

PROPRIETORS.

The undersigned in assuming charge of the New York Market, desire to inform the public that its well earned reputation will be fully sustained. Only the choicest and

Best of Meats

will be kept. It will be their purpose to serve their customers with promptness, and to their entire satisfaction.

FREDERICK HOFFER,
GEO. W. STAPLES.

Titusville, April 1, 1870.

N. B.—Butchers down the Creek and around the country are informed that we shall carry on the tallow business as heretofore. Consignments solicited.

SHEARER, SEYFANG & CO.,

General Machinists,

EAST SHAMBURG, PA.

Engines and Boilers Repaired

ON SHORT NOTICE, AND IN A WORKMANLIKE MANNER.

Drilling Tools and Oil Well Machinery manufactured to order. We guarantee satisfaction in all cases. mch3-dtf

Titusville Morning Herald.

Pennsylvania Sufferers.

From the N. Y. Tribune.

The State of Pennsylvania certainly cannot be accused of being too tender a mother. Some of her suffering bantlings in the shape of Dutch farmers in Cumberland and Franklin counties have been crying out vehemently of late for substantial comfort and recompense for their losses in the war, but so far have received only hard raps instead of consolation. We cannot but consider these complainants hardly used. They are reported to have always been a most inoffensive, respectable, stationary body—a sort of ballast, in fact, in American politics, voting steadily for Andrew Jackson up to the time of Lee's invasion, when they wakened to the fact that there was a difficulty in progress in the country and immediately took part in it by making out bills of their losses from Union and Rebel troops, which bills they now present. Apart from this action, nothing could have been more admirably pacific and conservative than their behavior.

The bills for their losses which they are urging upon the State to pay and afterward collect from Congress, enumerate their departed household gods with such pathetic fidelity and disclose such a devotion of sorrow to their memory that the hardest heart must be touched unawares. We have such records as this.

C. S Sufferer in McConnellsburgh
Spoiled suit of clothes, black cloth.... $35 05
One shoulder of bacon, 14 lb.......... 1 70
A. L Sufferer in Ayr township
Half-barrel of mackerel.......... 4 00
New hat.......... 3 50
H. B Sufferer in Franklin Co.
Two hams.......... 3 20
Soap and apple butter.......... 5 00
Use of horse 8 days by Union troops 3 20

There are tragical hints here of domestic affections and wounds for the future poet or novelist. To C. S., *sufferer in McConnellsburgh*, the flag naturally was but a bit of bunting; the menaced Capitol he had never seen; the Government meant the Squire's office and taxes; but his new suit of clothes which the buckwheat crop had paid for, and the cut of which his sweetheart had praised! for how can you account for that odd five cents unless by a touch of sentiment? Why talk of blood or glory to this sufferer? How will the blood of a thousand battle-fields wash out the loss of actual black cloth and tailor's work? The nation may stand again erect and free in the eyes of men, but how does national glory cover C. Seltzer's bare back?

"We may have many happy years, and rulers just and clever
But those black pantaloons are gone for ever and ever"

Pennsylvania seems inclined to turn a deaf ear to these Jeremiahs, whose cry has come up from her borders for a year or more. They encompass Harrisburg this winter, and go round about it, like the prophets of old, they have cast dust upon their heads, their eyes do fail with tears and their bowels are troubled while they lift up a lamentation for their soap and apple butter. The State, it seems, has incumbered itself with pensions for their soldiers' widows, and the education of their orphans, and feels these claims to be paramount. But there is another way of regarding the subject, it appears to us. The lamenting Dutch farmer might very justly state that those young men (and no State offered more than Pennsylvania) who threw their lives and fortunes into the deadly breach for love of country, or hatred of slavery, have met with their reward. They saved their country, and their sacred names and record are in her keeping. They fought for an idea and gained it, and they receive ideal wages. C. Seltzer, we are sure, does not want such. He and his compatriots had other business to attend to than the war. It was assuredly against their wills that their barns and new hats left their peaceful firesides for the tented field, or that the half-barrels of mackerel have sought and found the bubble reputation in the cannon's *mouth*. These are sufferings which can be estimated in dollars and cents, should not the just land of Penn pay the debts, even though the pensions go unpaid, and the orphans' schools be closed?

Senator J. M. Howard.

Ex-Senator Jacob M Howard, who has been for a few days suffering from a partial stroke of paralysis, died at his home, in Detroit, Michigan, on Sunday. Mr Howard was born in Shaftsbury, Vt., July 10, 1805, and enjoyed educational advantages not usual to the youth of his day. He was educated at the excellent Academies of Bennington and Brattleborough, whence he was graduated in 1830, with marked honor, conspicuous alike for natural parts and solid scholastic acquirements. Upon leaving school, he studied law for a few years, maintaining himself meantime by teaching in a Massachusetts academy. His profession well acquired, he removed, in 1832, to the Territory of Michigan, was admitted to the bar, and at once took high rank as an able practitioner and an acute constitutional expounder. In 1838 he was sent to the new State Legislature, where he made a marked success in shaping the machinery of the incipient Commonwealth. From this post of arduous honor he was promoted to the National Congress, and served with great ability on several important committees. Here he continued until 1854, when he was elected Attorney General of Michigan, from which office he was elected to the United States Senate in the dark days of 1862.

Aside from his active participation in the war measures of the session, Senator Howard found time to carry forward the great civic achievement of the country—the Pacific Railroad.

The bill for the great charter had been laboriously battled through the House, by the irresistible ardor of Thaddeus Stevens, and when it came to the Senate Howard was made Chairman of the Special Committee on the Pacific Railroad, and, by a series of vigorous speeches and reports, aroused the Senate and the country to the practicability and vast importance of the design. At the end of his term he was reelected for six years, which expired on the 4th of March last. In 1866 the honorary degree of LL D was conferred upon Senator Howard, quite as much as a recognition of his general literary accomplishments as his conspicuous legal erudition.

Chinese Theatricals.

BEHIND THE SCENES OF THE HONG CHING YUEN THEATRE, SAN FRANCISCO—UNDER THE STAGE AND BEHIND THE FOOTLIGHTS—DRESSES, WIGS, PAINTS AND SLEEPING APARTMENTS

In the Hong Ching Yuen Theatre in San Francisco, the company of players, acrobats, jugglers and assistants number over sixty and their salary ranges according to their positions and ability, from $400 to $1,000 per year payable semi-annually in advance. Besides the salary, the owners or the owner of the theatre are compelled, in accordance with the contract they make, to furnish sleeping apartments for the members of the theatrical company. But we are digressing, for it is not our purpose to describe anything but what is to be seen under the stage and behind the scenes. The Hong Ching Yuen Theatre is located on the north side of Jackson street, near Dupont, and the entrance is at the end of a long corridor, on which open a number of doors leading into gambling saloons. In the center, and to one side of this corridor, is a little, old, hump-backed Chinaman, with a sharp, wrinkled face, wearing a suit of grease soiled clothes, who vends nuts, candies, ginger, and cakes to those who attend the show. Beyond and to the left of his stand is a narrow flight of stairs, covered with filth, which leads to the basement of the theatre. As the visitor descends these stairs, and leaves the light of Heaven and fresh air behind him, he finds himself at the end of a long, dark hall, about three feet wide. A "floater" burning in a glass of oil, and placed about midway in the hall, serves not to illuminate it, but burns with just sufficient brightness to render the darkness visible.

BEHIND THE SCENES.

Impelled by a desire to know what is to be seen, the visitor, whose sense of smell is assailed by a strong odor of opium, which is noticeable in every part of the building, moves along, stepping cautiously lest he should fall down some unknown trap, and in a few minutes is at end of the hall, where he finds another flight of stairs of fifteen or twenty steps, which, if anything, are narrower and filthier than the flight at the end of the hall. Ascending the stairs which are just wide enough to allow one person at a time to mount or descend, the visitor is behind—the scenes, if the gaudy colored stationary curtains, nailed on the floor and to the ceiling, and which serve to shut out from view the audience, can be called the scenes. A strange sight greets his eyes. He finds himself in a place about eight feet wide by twenty-five long, on either side of which are hung on the walls hundreds of fancy stage costumes. On one side is a long rack on which is suspended innumerable false beards made of horse hair, and dyed red, white, blue, green, yellow, in addition to those of the natural white and black. Ranged on the floor, side by side, are immense chests made of camphor wood, filled with habiliments of such queer make and style that it would trouble a Parisian dress maker to describe them. Then lying around in the most promiscuous disorder, are flags of all colors, some square, some round, some triangular, and others of no particular shape, banners, wooden swords, pikes, and cutlasses. An odd looking hat lies here, and there some angularly shaped instrument hangs. On the wall are a few mottoes in Chinese characters, which singular collection completes the picture of this part of the house. To the left of the entrance is the paint room where all the actors daub their faces with pigments, in order that their countenances may appear to have assumed the expression required in the character they represent. Here the actors "lay it on thick"—that is, the paint on their faces—and they perform the operation in a very short time; yet it is done in a clever manner. Some of the designs of their faces give them the most grotesque appearance.

NO CHINESE ACTRESSES.

There are no Chinese actresses. The female parts are assumed by lads of eighteen or nineteen years of age. They dress themselves in the paint room, and smear their faces as is usual with the women of China; they then put on the long robes worn by females, a false head-gear, compress their feet into the smallest shoes they can wear, assume the high, shrill tone of the women, and their way of walking and the disguise is so complete that, if the operation of "dressing for the stage," was not witnessed by the visitor, he could not believe that the personators of female characters were women. While a performance is going on, some of the actors are seen sound asleep on boxes, and so remain until the manager comes around, gives them a hearty shake, and tells them it is time to dress for the next scene. As soon as one gets up another takes his place, and enjoys a comfortable snooze until he is wanted again. When the sleeping actor has awakened and rubbed his eyes, he goes to the paint room, puts on the necessary colors, and then repairs to one of the attendants in waiting, who dresses him up in robes of the richest silks and satins, which are stiff with gold thread and embroidery. Some of the dresses are gorgeous, and all are a representation of those worn in China previous to the Manchu Tartar conquest. It is on dress that the actors expend great sums, and the wardrobe of this theatre is valued at over thirty thousand dollars. As soon as the actor is dressed, he rushes back, to the paint room, casts his eyes over a large book, filled with Chinese letters, and in that manner learns his part.

NO REHEARSALS

These people have no rehearsals, and never study what they have to say until within a few minutes before they are required to repeat the words. When the actor has concluded, he returns to the attendant who dressed him, has his fine clothes taken off, and they are carefully folded and laid away. During the entire performance the manager of the troupe is busy running to and fro on the stage, behind the scenes, and into the adjacent rooms, giving orders, and "leaving nothing undone that the grand spectacular drama may be a perfect success," as it is expressed by the managers of other theatres in the playbills.

Leaving the stage the visitor returns to the basement, where there are forty rooms which are used by the actors and other *employes* of the theatre. The rooms are all small, but are kept scrupulously neat and clean, which is in strange contrast with the other parts of the building.

Newsboy's Hotel in London.

The Newsboys' Lodging House movement, which has been productive of so much benefit to the newsboys and street boys generally of New York, has just been introduced in London. The following highly interesting account of its inauguration at No. 80 Gray's Inn Road is taken from a late London paper.

Of the various classes of traffickers in the civilized world, the newsboys are now, perhaps, the most ubiquitous. How difficult it would be to be get beyond their reach may be exemplified in the fact that a traveller recently arriving at Jonkoping, on the shores of Lake Wettern, had for his first and immediate visitor a newsboy who, rushing unceremoniously into the bedroom, besought the purchase of *Dagbladet*. In all great cities the newsboys are now a formidable community, and in New York and Philadelphia this fact has been practically recognized by those who care for their moral and social welfare. Homes have been founded for them, and various plans for their good are carried out. The same thing is about to be done in London, and the meeting last night, presided over by the Earl of Shaftesbury, successfully launched the scheme.

The invitations which had gone forth were accepted by about two hundred lads, of almost all ages and sizes, the sellers of cigar lights, or "timbers," as they are called, being included with the newsboys. The hearty way in which they enjoyed themselves, and the kind manner with which they were treated, will make the occasion a red letter day in many of their lives. May it also be a starting point from which numbers of the little destitute lads will take heart and commence life anew under favorable influences. Just before supper time many of the poor little fellows came into the large room in which the supper tables were arranged, with their naked feet begrimed with dirt, their hair matted and tangled, and, with faces which had not apparently experienced the cleansing effects of soap and water for many a long day.

Notwithstanding all this, their features were lighted up with the bright smile of anticipated enjoyment as they quietly and in an orderly manner took their places in front of the polished tin plates arranged in rows on each side of the tables, under the superintendence of Mr. Williams. When the smoking hot supper was served out, and grace had been duly sung, the way in which the piles of roast beef and baked potatoes disappeared was simply astonishing. The plum-pudding which followed seemed a rare treat to the boys, who greeted its appearance with rounds of hearty applause, mingled with some of the street cries, and various kinds of peculiar whistles, doubtless understood by the boys themselves, but wholly unintelligible to the uninitiated. Among those who were most active in attending to the wants of the boys was the Noble Lord by whose exertions on behalf of the street boys of London so many have been rescued from a life of sin and crime, who are now doing honestly and well. After the supper things were cleared away, the boys were called to order, and the objects of the Home were explained to them by Mr. W. E. Hubbard, who said that the Home would be opened on Monday next, and that the charge for a night's lodge would be twopence. A newsboys' bank would also be opened in which their money would be taken care of. He further explained that the charges for meals would be as moderate as possible, and a Sunday's dinner would be provided free of charge to those boys who remain in the Home on those days. Mr. John McGregor (Rob Roy) who was loudly cheered by the boys, then briefly addressed them, and said that he hoped and anticipated that the Newsboys' "Home" would be a great success.

The Earl of Shaftesbury then rose and addressed the little lads in the happy style which is his wont, placing all at their ease, and eliciting frequent ejaculatory "Thank you's." Referring to the explanation of the design, scope and advantages of the Home already given, he adverted particularly to the savings-bank scheme. He said he knew of a man now filling a respectable station, with a wife and family, who began life with 1 1-2d., —he lived on the half-penny and traded with the penny, till he was able to raise himself from that low condition, and this was an example they might imitate. As another example of what might be done he referred to the combined savings-bank scheme of sixty of the London ragged schools. What, he asked, did they think had been the annual savings of a single year. [The whole assembly noisily competed to answer this question; making every variety of guess]. Why £2,000. [Great cheering.] After a reference to the bath, and a humorous anecdote from his electoral experience—when as an "unpopular candidate" for Bath, a hooting crowd of boys were frightened away by the threat that "they should be washed"—his Lordship concluded by exhorting intending inmates to recommend the Home by their cleanliness and good conduct. His call for "three cheers for the Newsboys' Home" was responded to with redoubled heartiness; as was also a subsequent similar call for "three cheers for Lord Shaftesbury."

The boys were then conducted over the new and spacious building, through the dormitories, and into the bath room. This last every inmate will be required to use at least once a week. The Home will accommodate one hundred and fifty boys and if it can be kept two-thirds full it is calculated that the rent of the premises, £300 a year, will be covered by the payments of the lodgers.

Titusville Morning Herald.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 14, 1865.

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A Romance in Turkey—Love and Religion.

The *Levant Herald*, of Constantinople, has the following story.

Some thirteen years ago a Greek in Constantinople saw reasons for becoming a Mussulman, and took the name of Mehemet. Shortly afterward he brought to his father's house a pretty little Circassian girl about four years of age, called Asli-Melek, whom he said he had received from a Turkish lady in satisfaction of a debt due to him. The renegade's sister, a Christian of the Greek rite, grew to love the child, and brought her up in the Christian religion. So matters went on quietly in this humble household until about two years ago, when Mehemet, who had married a Turkish woman and taken to the trade of a dealer in female slaves—which he still carries on, and, thanks to his wife's connections with the harems of Stamboul, finds profitable—presented himself at his father's place and claimed the young Circassian girl Asli-Melek. His sister Roxandra refused to give up the child, but, yielding at length to Mehemet's persistent demands and menaces, the father consented to hand her over to him. Roxandra, however, apprehensive of the results, kept watch over her brother's movements and those of the child. She at last succeeded in getting a stolen interview with her, and learning that she was suffering and unhappy, contrived to get her out of Mehemet's house and take her to Syra. There Asli-Melek formally embraced Christianity, and was baptized in the Greek Church under the name of Angelica.

Eight months afterwards Roxandra returned with her adopted charge to Constantinople, where he remained unmolested for about a year. In the meantime Mehemet beset the Turkish authorities with importunities. He declared that his brother, Miltiades, having fallen in love with Angelica, and desiring to marry her, had coerced her against her will, in concert with the rest of his family, to abandon the Mussulman faith, in which as a Circassian, she was born, and profess the Christian religion. The Mussulman authorities at length gave ear to these statements, and determined to take proceedings against the Christian members of Mehemet's family for the purpose of transferring the girl to the charge of Mehemet himself. Accordingly, on the 21st of January last, the younger brother, Miltiades, was arrested by the Turkish police. Angelica, warned in time, sought and found refuge in the Russian Embassy, the police hunted in vain for her, but, in addition to Miltiades, arrested Mehemet's old father, aged 70 years, Roxandra, and her younger sister, Ariste, who were all incarcerated in the Zaptieh.

The houses of all relatives and friends of this quiet Greek family were searched, and in some instances, it is stated, in a very brutal manner. The houses of other respectable people were also entered, and in one of them a young lady who was seriously ill, was so alarmed by the threats of the police that she died in a few days after their visit. At this stage of the proceedings General Ignatieff the Russian Ambassador, took up the matter with his usual energy. On his representations, all the persons so unceremoniously arrested by the Turkish police were set free and restored to their homes. His Excellency, moreover, insisted upon a definitive and legal solution being given to the religious status of the young Circassian. The result has been that in conformity with the procedure established by law and confirmed by custom, Angelica appeared twice before the proper Ottoman authorities, and declared each time her firm resolution to remain in the Christian faith, which she had formally embraced. A few days later Angelica, accompanied by her faithful friend Roxandra, left Constantinople for Greece.

A girl eloped with a man near Knoxville, Tennessee, recently, and, when her father sought to detain her, she knocked the old gentleman down with a shovel. Her parent pursued the couple after marriage, and the husband and father having exchanged shots, the bride emptied a revolver at her liege lord, disabling him completely, and then returned home with papa.

There is a graveyard in Monson, Mass., in which are buried nine brothers, all of whom have arrived at man's estate, the eldest being 79 and the youngest 28 years old. All but one left a family. More remarkable still is the fact that they are all buried within forty rods of the spot where they were born.

Governor Holden of North Carolina is reported to be one of the wealthiest citizens of Raleigh, though he lost a good deal of money during the war.

It is announced that early in May, Miss Olive Logan is to go to England, designing to appear on the London rostrum, in June, in her lecture on "Girls."

Lester Wallack, Edwin Booth, Edwin Adams, Helmbold, John Hoey and J. W. Wallack will occupy their marine villas at Long Branch this summer.

Miss Clara Louise Kellogg has purchased a summer house on the Hudson, near Cold Springs, formerly the residence of the well-known banker, Merritt.

The Princess Louise, on her marriage, received a present of a beautiful necklace from the tenantry of Balmoral, her former home.

The *Journal of Chemistry* announces that the human body contains phosphorus enough for four hundred boxes of matches, but not quite sulphur enough for them.

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Foreign News.

LONDON, April 4.

A Times special says a great battle was commenced at 6 o'clock a. m., by the Nationals, under command of Bergeret, who at 10 o'clock asked for reinforcements from Paris. There was much animation in the bivouacs of the Nationals Sunday night, the men singing the Marseillies and "Chant Depart."

A Versailles Times correspondent believes that the battle, which was on a large scale, has proved disastrous to Commune and the unexpected cannonading of Valerien threw the Nationals into confusion, and it is asserted that the following is now the situation. Beregert with 150,000 men was completely cut off, then Flourens was purposly permitted to effect a junction with him, and Flourens and Beregert with 35,000 men must surrender or fight at great disadvantage.

A Times correspondent says there is an improbability of the version of the affair to the effect that Flourens has reached Versailles and is believed to have been betrayed. The gen-de-armes, treat all prisoners unmercifully.

The Daily News dispatches confirm the route of the insurgents, who proved great blustering cowards, and who expected that Valerien would fraternize with them. The Pontificial Zouaves shot their prisoners instantly.

VERSAILLES, April 4.

The army of Versailles surrounds Paris and order elsewhere in France is established.

LONDON, April 4.

In the House of Commons last night the government announced that a measure extending the ballot to Scotland would soon be introduced. Various bills of local interest were considered during the remainder of the session.

BERLIN, April 4.

Gen. Von Geoben, commander of the German forces in the north of France, has arrived here from Amiens, and had a private interview with the Emperor.

LONDON, April 4.

The United States steamer Worcester, from Boston, with a cargo of provisions for the relief of the suffering people of France, has arrived at Plymouth, and will proceed at once to a French port.

MADRID, April 3.

The sessions of the Spanish Cortes were opened to-day by King Amadeus, by a speech from the throne. The king expressed an ardent hope for the pacification of Cuba, and a strong desire for the resumption of relations with the Pope. He also recommended many reforms, especially as regards the finances of the country. The speech was repeatedly interrupted by the cheers of the Cortes.

VERSAILLES, April 4.

Thiers has issued a proclamation, addressed to prefects of departments, as follows: On Monday the insurgent masses attacked our forces simultaneously at Nanterre, Reuil, Bongival, Basons, Chaton and Cressy. Fort Mont Valerien at daybreak began to cannonade the insurgents, who were at first sheltered by the villages of Nanterre, Reuil and Bongival. They subsequently attacked the government forces, by whom they were repulsed. Gen. Sentroy, with cavalry, was by this time in position to outflank the insurgents, when they fled in complete rout, leaving many dead and wounded in the hands of the government troops.

A special to the World, dated Versailles April 4, says: All day a great battle has raged between the government forces under General Vinnery and one hundred thousand Communists under General Bergeret. Everywhere the latter were defeated with terrible slaughter. Near Meuden Bergeret and Flourens, with 35,000 men, were cut off and surrounded and must either surrender to-night or be cut to pieces in the morning. Many Communists refused to fight and are throwing down their arms and begging for mercy.

VERSAILLES, April 4.

To-day the government troops again completely defeated the insurgent Communes, taking many thousand prisoners and all their artillery, and destroying their army. Gen. Vinnery's troops will enter Paris to-morrow or Thursday.

German Peace Jubilee.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., April 4.

The German peace celebration on the 10th promises to be one of the largest and most enthusiastic demonstrations ever had here. Messrs. Peabody, Rahn, Joseph Black, and H. G. Foot have been selected as speakers. There will be a procession, picnic, and ball at night.

Connecticut Elections.

HARTFORD, April 4.

The returns in the office of the Evening Post this morning from the entire State, give English a plurality of 55 votes. Should the scattering vote exceed this number the election will be by the Legislature. Twenty scattering votes were deposited in New Haven, and it is not likely enough have been polled to defeat an election by the people. The Times, Democratic, makes the plurality for English 8. Should the election go to the Legislature there will be no doubt of Jewell's success, as the Legislature is Republican in both branches.

NEW HAVEN, April 4.

Returns to the Palladium office from the entire State give English, for Governor, a plurality of 22 votes over Jewell. About 30 votes are returned as scattering, and it is quite possible that the election may devolve upon the Legislature. The above results has been arrived at by careful computation, and there is little doubt of its correctness, though a different result is obtained in other parts of the State. The Senate stands, 12 Republicans to 8 Democrats, and the Republicans have a majority of about 5 in the House. Kellogg, for Congress, has a majority of 49.

New York News.

NEW YORK, April 4.

Judge Cardozo has appointed John Q. Jones commissioner for widening Broadway, in place of Wm. B. Astor, declined on account of ill health.

Gen. Halpine has formally accepted a seat in the Executive Council of the Fenian Brotherhood, tendered him by the convention.

The creditors of John Thompson, proprietor of Thompson's Bank Note Reporter, have appealed to Judge Woodruff to set aside his discharge in bankruptcy, on the ground that Thompson had by collusion with his sons, Samuel C. and F. F., concealed over a million dollars worth of his assets to prevent them from coming into the hands of the assignee in bankruptcy for the benefit of his creditors, and Judge Woodruff has the matter under consideration.

The Christian Advocate, the Methodist official organ, says in reference to the attempt to select experts to examine the accounts of the Book Concern: As two attempts have been frustrated by refusals of the counsel of Dr. Lanahan to concur in the selections, it is quite certain the Book Concern itself, or a standing committee who have the accounts, will speedily proceed to the appointment of suitable accountants, and that such investigation of the Book Concern matters will be made by skilful and well known experts as will be satisfactory to the church.

Horrible Murder.

CINCINNATI, April 4.

A horrid murder was committed about six o'clock this morning in Theribugger's beer saloon, West Sixth street. Last night, at the same place, George Schneiler and M. Hentz had some trouble over a game of cards and seperated, but met again on the street, when another altercation occurred in which Hentz fired a pistol in such close proximity to Schneiler's face as to blacken it with powder. This morning early Schneiler was at the saloon and as soon as Hentz, who boarded there, appeared the former renewed the trouble. Hentz seemed disinclined to engage in a contest and retired, but was followed by Schneiler, who finally plunged a knife into the breast of Hentz and actually turned it around two or three times in the dying man's body. When he withdrew the blade the blood rushed out and in the presence of the bystanders the man walked down and after asking for a priest, almost immediately died. The murderer with the knife in his hand, himself called for the police and was finally arrested by two citizens, who took him to the station. He made no effort to escape. Both were young Germans, Schneiler a pastry cook and Hintz a butcher, who recently removed from Louisville.

Accidental Death.

Anna Christina Thompson, a servant girl, to-day while washing a second story window of the house where she was employed, fell to the pavement, killing herself instantly.

Courts Adjourned.

Judge Swing, recently appointed United States District Judge in place of Judge Leavitt resigned, appeared to-day, but his commission not having arrived the Marshal was compelled to adjourn both Circuit and District Courts until to-morrow.

The Army Reunion.

Members to the reunion of the Army of the Tennessee are arriving. Secretary Belknap is here to-night.

State Medical Societies.

The State Medical Society of Kentucky assembled to-day in Covington, and the State Medical Society of Ohio in this city. Both are banquetted to-night by the profession of Cincinnati.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, April 4.

A young man named Phillip Gibson fell through a hatchway at No. 11, Dearborn St., yesterday afternoon, fracturing his skull and otherwise bruising him. He will probably die.

A few days since, in Moultrie county, Ill., a lad named Fleming, while riding a horse across a stream and having the halter tied around his waist, was thrown by the horse becoming frightened and dragged in that way over three miles until the poor lad was completely torn in pieces.

A man named Dakins, residing at Stone Fort, Saline county, Ill., on or about March 25, under a fit of jealousy, murdered his wife and five children and then committed suicide.

The Republicans of Jacksonville, Ill., elected their entire ticket for municipal officers, yesterday, by an average majority of 300.

James Burr, Republican, was elected Mayor of Dubuque, Iowa, yesterday by 387 majority. The Republicans also elected four out of five Aldermen; the balance of the ticket is Democratic.

The Republicans of Davenport, Iowa, carried the city election on Saturday by majorities varying from 139 to 855.

At the city elections in Council Bluff, Iowa, yesterday, the Republicans elected most of their tickets, including the Mayor, over the Independent candidate.

At Stoughton, Wisconsin, yesterday morning, at about one o'clock, Dr. Belden shot and instantly killed a man named Thomas Oleson. They had been drinking together in Belden's office. Dr. Belden has before killed a man in a drunken quarrel, but escaped punishment. He is in jail.

Dominion Parliament.

OTTTAWA, ONTARIO, April 4.

In the House of Commons Cartwright, member of the opposition, moved an address to the Queen to the effect that while fully recognizing Canada, maintaining a military defence and expressing no opinion in opposition to the imperial policy, in view of the peculiar and analagous position of the Dominion cotemporaneous for thousands of miles with a powerful state, many of whose inhabitants are notoriously actuated by sentiments of bitter hostility to the British Empire, we cannot but feel the withdrawel of troops is calculated to excite much uneasiness in the minds of many of her Majesty's subjects on this continent. Sir Geo. Cartier said as addresses expressed generally the wishes of the government they would not oppose it, but he reminded the mover that there were garrisons at Quebec and Halifax. The House went into committee on the address, reported, and asked leave to set again.

Declined.

PHILADELPHIA, April 4.

Rev. Charles Wadsworth has declined a call to Chicago with a salary of $8,000.

Wouldn't Serve.

In the Court of Common Pleas to-day several colored men were in the venue as jurors, and a white man said he refused to serve and was fined by Judge Lowes and ordered into custody. He said, "Get your money if you can; I will rot in prison before I will serve on a jury with a nigger." The Judge ordered the man kept in custody until the fine is paid, and said: "Every time you refuse to serve on such grounds, I will fine you $200."

Death of John Hearn.

ERIE, April 4.

John Hearn, for many years prominent in the lake trade, died at his residence in this city to-day. He was a member of the coal shipping firm of J. H. Hearn & Co., and a Director of the Chicago and Rock Island and Erie and Pittsburgh Railroads.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 4.

Anthony said the bill having passed yesterday, he now gave notice he would hereafter object to transacting any business other than was specified on the rule of the Senate, limiting legislation.

Sherman's resolution to provide for a bill to suppress the Ku Klux was then reconsidered.

Blair resumed the floor. He had been asked yesterday by Sherman what was the remedy in his (Blair's) opinion for the shameless condition of affairs in South Carolina and Louisiana. He would answer that, in the first place, it was certain no remedy could be of any avail unless the intelligence and character of the South are allowed to have some control in its affairs. In regard to depriving negroes in the South of the right to vote, the people of the South were willing to give the negro suffrage a fair trial, which it had not yet, because of the intemperence of Northern political adventurers and similar measures, and of after a fair trial it was found necessary to abolish negro suffrage as a means of saving the free institutions of the country it could be done by Constitutional means. Congress had confessed that the experiment of negro suffrage in the District of Columbia was a failure by providing a territorial government, of which the President appointed the principal officers. The property owners and responsible men had gladly hailed the change as a relief from the government of the rabble, largely made up of poor negroes.

Sherman said that negro suffrage had been agitated ever since he came to Washington, and thought it had nothing to do with the change of government. He did not agree that the two elections at which the negroes had voted, had shown the principle to be a failure, as the mayors of the city of Washington, Bowen and Emery, had proven good selections.

Blair then replied to various points in the debate. For asserting their belief in the unconstitutional character of the reconstruction measures, he (Blair) and other Democrats had been called revolutionists. These reconstruction acts were originated by the same class of men who passed the alien and sedition laws, and their power was rapidly waning.

Morton argued that Blair had at first denied the occurrence of outrages in the South and had subsequently admitted them to help his argument. As to the result of national administration in the South, the whole of that Senator's argument indicated that it was the purpose of the Democratic party that negro suffrage be overthrown, and they intended to make this a test in the next Presidential election.

Blair remarked that the only party which had shown a disposition to make negro suffrage a test was the one that the Senator from Indiana (Morton) belonged to. They had taken suffrage away from the colored people of the District of Columbia, and from the white men, too.

Morton replied that the change in the government of the District of Columbia affected white and colored alike, and that under territorial government the legislative and political power of the people of the District, instead being lessened had been vastly increased, and Congress had only asserted confidence in negro suffrage. Whatever had been taken from the white man had been taken from the negro. Senator Blair had understood that the South was willing to give negro suffrage a fair trial, that is, they were willing to give it a fair trial under Democratic auspices and deprive the negro of his vote whenever they did not, with the Democratic ticket. That Senator might deny it, but it was indisputable that the Democratic party would deny the ballot to the negro whenever it got into power. Blair endeavored yesterday to switch off the Senate, to use a railroad phrase, from the subject by commenting upon the financial administration of several Southern States. It was true that a great deal of money had been spent in some of those States to assist railroads and States bonds had been issued for the purpose, but this was no new thing. Missouri had contracted a large debt by the issue of bonds for the construction of railroads.

Blair suggested Radicalism had opened a new phase, and without any security.

Morton replied the Senator was mistaken. The States of Indiana, Ohio, and others, had expended largely in aid of railroads without receiving any returns. Senator Blair had also enlarged upon the corruptions of Southern legislatures. Let him look at the Democratic city of New York, where there was more found in one year than in all the States of the South since the war. The New York Legislature was a paragon of corruption.

In reply to an allusion to the Tammany Society of New York, as controlling the Democratic party, and New York and the country, Casserly rose and expressed surprise, that such an assertion should be seriously made, and denied its correctness.

Morton had understood the fact to be notorious. The Democrats thought the country always appealed to Tammany when they were in trouble, as was the case of Connecticut the other day, [laughter,] and wherever there was any stealing, North or South, the Democratic party generally carried off the lion's share. He then referred to the efforts of Democrats in Southern Legislatures to carry to success various schemes of plunder and to affect Democratic speeches against reconstruction laws, inciting the K. K.'s to continue their murderous work, and proceeded: The Democratic party can only come into power by carrying all the Southern States, in which case the Southern Democracy will constitute a majority of the party, and be the controlling element. It would be easier to assume the payment of slaves than repudiate the national debt, for the reason that payment must come, principally from the North, and they are to be much more benefited by payment for slaves than by an exemption from the debt. It is improbable to suppose that the Southern Democracy, when placed in power would voluntarily tax themselves to pay a debt which had been created for their subjugation, while what they had invested in the confederate debt was lost, together with their slaves, and that they will in that case make payment for slaves a condition upon which the debt shall be paid no one can doubt. It may be said, however, that the Democratic party in the North wille never consent to this. The southern question will be the great issue of 1872, dwarfing into insignificance every other, and no merely economical question can divide public attention with it. Shall reconstruction be maintained; shall the constitutional amendments be upheld; shall the colored people be protected in life, liberty and property, are the great issues to be settled in 1872. The questions of tariff, currency, and civil service reform will play a subordinate part. In all Southern States the Republicans will struggle for life, for the privilege of living in peace and security, while the Democratic party will struggle to regain their power, and as experience has shown, will not hesitate as to means that they may use for the purpose. In view of the solemn fact that everything is at stake for which we struggled and suffered through the years of war and storm, let us bury all personal grievances and forgetting the past differences and all selfish considerations, unite again as a band of brothers and with unbroken front move forward resolved to conquer for the right.

At this point it was arranged by Anthony and Casserly, on behalf of each side of the Chamber, and agreed to by the Senate, that a vote will be taken on the pending resolution to-morrow at 2 o'clock.

West defended the Republican administration of Louisiana from what he called unwarrantable charges. The last election in Louisiana was peaceful and orderly, without the presence of a single bayonet, and the State was then retrieved of a Democratic majority in 1868 of 47,000 to 25,000 Republican majority. West maintained the election was conducted with fairness and denied that the State debt had been recklessly increased. The Democratic Legislature of 1866, created under President Johnson's policy, had appropriated more money than both its Republican successors. State bonds, on the accession of Republicans to power, were only worth thirty-five and forty cents, and now they are saleable at sixty-five and seventy cents, and in good repute with capitalists, and in regard to voting away money to railroads, he said the Legislature had granted a subsidy to a railroad as a means of preventing the trade of Texas from being arrested from New Orleans, and that this policy had been supported by the Democrats and vindicated by the people. He would, if he could, blot out the record of Louisiana's deeds of blood, but he now bore willing testimony that peace reigned within her borders, and that persecution for political opinion had in a great degree been modified, and the people would assent to any legislation deemed necessary for protection in the South.

At 4:30, after an Executive Session, the Senate adjourned.

House.

Cobb, of North Carolina, replied to his Democratic colleagues (Waddel and Shafer) to show outrages still exist in the State. He said the Ku Klux are Democratic organizations and direct their vengeance against the Republicans. The strong arm of the law should be extended to afford protection to the loyal and avert the blow aimed at the nation's life. Give us protection of the laws and we will help you to relieve all from political disabilities.

Young and Rice, of Georgia, addressed the House against the bill, the latter asking the people of the South to be saved from further infliction of wrong, and saying that they desired to be restored to all their rights under the constitution and be protected by the laws.

Kelly caused to be read the following dispatch, which he intended as a reply to that read by Morgan the day after the New Hampshire election.

HARTFORD, Conn., April 4.

Hon. W. D. Kelly: We have elected our Governor and three Congressmen, and Denis is, as you know, as good a protectionist as you are.

This was greeted with laughter on both sides of the House.

Mr. Morgan replied: We have elected four out of seven members from New Hampshire and Connecticut, and therefore we congratulate ourselves.

Mr. Garfield, of Ohio, after eulogizing the wisdom of those who framed the constitution, argued that since the adoption of the amendments to it freedom and suffrage are secured, and can be enforced by direct legislation of Congress. Life, liberty, and property of citizens is protected in the State and not as of the original jurisdiction, but as a residuary power where States failed to secure or denied equal protection of the law. If the bill proposed to punish persons for violation of State law, it was going beyond the legal line, and he could not support the measure. It was designed to suspend the privileges of the writ of habeas corpus and to authorize the President to declare martial law. He would ask where occasion had risen to "Cry havoc, and let slip the dogs of war." He was ready, in defence of the government, to send down an army and enforce the laws, but he did not want to alarm the people of the United States by calling into exercise all the tremendous powers of war.

Butler, of Mass., said: I can suggest a panacea for all this trouble, which I solemnly assert before God and my country, in my judgment, would thoroughly clear up all these evils, could it be put into operation. Let the Democratic party throw its leaders, North and South, of all organization, proclaim that it was necessary for the success of the Democracy that these murders and outrages stop, and that life, property and all rights of citizens must be respected or they could not choose a Democratic President in 1872, and from that hour, in my belief, profound peace and quiet would reign in every county in the Southern States, insomuch that the hated and displaced Yankee school marm might teach undisturbed negro children from the Potomac to the Rio Grande. Yes, and even how to read the scriptures. But it is too painfully hidden from debate on this floor, and we cannot hope for any such sublime exhibition of virtue and patriotism. The Democracy will not give up party organizations in the South, and there is nothing left for us but to pass strong and vigorous laws to be executed by a firm hand, armed when need be with the military. In my judgment, if the organization of the party can't stand necessary, proper, constitutional legislation to protect its friends at the South and citizens everywhere, then the sooner men who are shocked by such legislation leave it, the better for the country and the party, because if left alive without ability to pass such measures to protect the lives and property of citizens of the United States against organized rapine and murder, its usefulness as a party has ceased. Speaking of the President, he said: If I were to pass a criticism upon his administration, and that would certainly be the only one to which it is with any shadow of justice open, it would be that the President has been too scrupulous in keeping the administration of the government too completely within the letter of the laws, never by any chance overstepping its bonds, although severely tested so to do, in order to suppress viovence and enforce order and peace. Such, indeed, was the animated views made upon it by my colleague (Davis) in debate the other day, who, in deploring the State of things in the South, said substantially, that we had laws enough on this subject, but the fault was in the administration. Be it so, but that is not the fault usually attributed to a reckless grasper after power, or a seeker to overturn the liberties of a people and make himself Dictator. Toward the conclusion of his speech he said: The gentlemen on the other side threaten us that if we pass this bill we shall destroy the Republican party, that an outraged and indignant people will drive us from our seats. If they believe what they say, then why not get out of the way and let us pass it? Why filibuster to prevent the enactment of this, or as they declare, a worse one from being offered. We believe, on the contrary, that an indignant people ought to hurl us from our seats if we are not strong enough to protect the only people in the South who were our friends during the war, save the soldiers we sent there to destroy the rebellion. Every act of opposition shows their leaders will understand that with peace, quiet, and the observance of the laws in the South, comes the end of the Democratic party there.

Cox, of New York, said that the oppressions put upon the people of the South by Republicans had given an excuse for the prevailing outrages, but he condemned Ku Klux organizations and he denounced all lawlessness everywhere, and he had proposed in caucus issuing an address appealing to the people to abide by the laws of the land, and denouncing outrages.

Cox criticised the bill, regarding it as unconstitutional and designed to place power in the hands of the President who had not even issued a message of conciliation from the White House. The President was worse than Congress, and this was saying a great deal.

Coburn, of Indiana, argued the necessity and duty of the government of protecting all citizens.

W. R. Roberts, of New York, opposed the bill as unjust and unconstitutional. Even admitting that disorder exists in the South, the laws that exist are ample to protect colored men as well as white, and they were quite enough for any President from Washington down. There had no evidence of Ku Klux outrages in the South. Looking on the Democratic side he saw every seat filled by men of the South, both old and young; they seemed content and happy and showed no evidence of any Ku Klux spirit, and referring to the Republican side he saw old and young from the South; they showed no evidence of Ku Klux business. They seemed happy and had their scalps. Roberts, at the close of his address, received the congratulations of his fellow-members on the floor.

Holman, of Indiana, opposed the bill, and at five o'clock the House took a recess till half past seven.

At the evening session Porter, of Virginia, and Stevenson, of Ohio, severally spoke on the Ku Klux outrages and argued in favor of the bill. Galaday, of Tennessee, opposed it. Others took part and at a late hour the House adjourned.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, April 4.

The Secretary of the Treasury has ordered the Assistant Treasurer at New York to notify holders of 3 per cent. temporary loan certificates, issued under acts March 2d, and July 5th, of the denomination of $5,000 each, each Nos. 1000 to 1301, inclusive, and of the denomination of $1,000 each, No. 1072 to 1389 inclusive, that they will be paid on presentation at the Sub Treasury, and that from and after the 31st of May such certificates will cease to bear interest and will no longer be available as a portion of the lawful money by any national banking association.

Sir Gifford Northcoate and Professor Montague Barnard, of the Joint High Commission, accompanied by General Schenck, were at the capitol to-day, and spent some time on the floor of the Senate Chamber, listening to the Ku Klux debate and conversing with Senators.

The Secretary of the Dominican Republic has written a letter, dated March 20, to the Secretary of the Santo Domingo Commission, in which he says: The country is entirely tranquil and is every day more anxious that our anticipated annexation to the Great Republic be accomplished. I can see no other means of escape from the insidious intrigues of our western neighbors. The President has returned to the capital from Azua, after routing Cabral and putting everything in the best order.

Bill Passed.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 4.

The Senate bill to consolidate the debt of the city of New York has passed the House, and now goes to the Governor.

PETROLEUM MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE MORNING HERALD, TITUSVILLE, April 4, 1871—9 P. M.

There was but little inquiry upon the Creek today, though buyers would have purchased more largely had there been any inclination on the part of sellers to make concessions. The latter were firm, however. Upon both the Upper and Lower Creek $3 90 was bid, with occasional sellers at $3 90@3.95. The market closed quiet and dull.

We quote the following sales:

1000 bbls on the Upper Creek at			$3.95
500 " "	"	"	3.95
1000 " "	"	"	3.90
500 " "	"	"	3.90
475 " "	"	"	3.90
500 " "	"	"	3.90
1000 " "	Lower Creek		3.95
1000 " "	"	"	3.90
1000 " "	"	"	3.90
1000 " "	"	"	3.90
1000 " "	"	"	3.90
500 " "	"	"	3.90

[PETROLEUM MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.]

New York.

NEW YORK, April 4—12 m.

Petroleum—Crude, 13¾c. Refined, 28¾c.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, April 4.

Petroleum—Market steady. Refined—Spot, 23c; April, 23½c; May, 24c. June, 24¾c; July, 24¾c; cases, 27¾@28c. Crude, 12¾@12¾c.

Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, April 4.

Petroleum—Market dull and nominal. Crude—Spot or April, 10¾c; May, 10¾@10¾c; sellers' option all year, 10¾@10¾c; buyers' option all year, 12¾@13¾c.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Money and Stock Market.

By Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, April 4.

Gold firm; opening at 110¾, selling up to 110¾, and closing at 110¾@110¾.

Loans were made at from 1 to 4 per cent.

Clearances $23,000,000.

Governments opened firm and advanced ⅛@¼ per cent. on the closing prices yesterday. Sixes of 1881 were not quite as strong.

Stocks were steady at opening, but at first call declined, and subsequently became strong and active. The market at the close was buoyant, and the highest prices of the day were made. Reading leading the market upward, sold at the highest point of the season. In Western shares Lake Shore, Rock Island, Northwestern and Wabash were the prominent features.

At close of banking hours stock brokers and clerks assembled on the corner of Broad street and Exchange Place to bid up money. The closing rate was 7 per cent. bid, and at the same time good borrowers were accommodated at leading private banks at 6@7 per cent, and exceptional loans were made on Government bonds as low as 5 per cent. Money active.

State securities dull and heavy.

Sterling exchange and bankers' bills, 110.

Government securities:	
Coupons of 1881	116⅝
do '62, 5-20s	112¾
do '64, 5-20s	112¾
do '65, 5-20s	112¾
do '65, new 5-20s	111¼
do '67, 5-20s	111¼
do '68	111¼
do 10-40s	108⅝
Currency sixes	115¾
State bonds:	
Missouris	92⅝
Tennessee, old	66
do new	66¾
Virginia, new	70¼
do old	70¾
North Carolina, old	46¾
do new	24

Stock quotations:

Canton	82	Northwestern	57¾
Cumberland	128	preferred	95
W. U. Tel	58¾	Rock Island	115¾
Quicksilver	12¾	New Jersey Cent.	107
Mariposa	5¾	St. Paul	60
do preferred	9¾	preferred	79¾
Adams Ex	73¾	Wabash	58¾
Wells Ex	41	preferred	79
American	47¾	Ft. Wayne	98¾
United States	47	Terre Haute	31¾
Pacific Mail	.....	preferred	56
N. Y. C.	95¾	C. & A.	113
Scrip	92	preferred	.....
Erie	21¾	C. & M.	46¾
preferred	42¾	C. C. & I. C.	56¾
Harlem	128	R. & Q.	157
preferred	129	Lake Shore	101
Reading	108	Ind. Cent	23
Michigan Cent	121	Ills. Cent	134
P. Ft. W. & C.	113¾		

New York Market.

NEW YORK, April 4.

Cotton dull but unchanged; middling uplands, 15¾c. Flour—Market steady with a moderate demand; receipts, 12,000 barrels; superfine Western and State, $6.00@5.45; common to good extra, $5.50@6.70, good to choice, $5.65; amber white Western extra, $7.25@7.75; Ohio extra, $6.70@7.35; St. Louis, $6.50@9.00. Rye flour and corn meal, quiet. Whisky, dull at 91¼@92c. Wheat opened firm but closed dull; new spring, $1.38@1.61; red and amber, $1.62; mixed spring, $1.49. Rye, quiet but unchanged in every respect. Barley—Market steady with a moderate demand; Western, 88c. Malt quiet. Corn opened firm, but closed dull; mixed Western, 81¼@82c; yellow, 83c. Oats—Demand fair and market firm; Western, 68@71c. Hay and hops quiet. Sugar—Demand fair and market firm; Cuba, 9¼@10c. Molasses, quiet and unchanged in every respect; Muscavado, 32@38c. Rice, 8¼@8¾c. Provisions—Pork, dull and prices nominal; new mess, $16 62½; prime, $17.25@17.75; prime new mess, $19.00@19.50; May, $20.50@20.75. Beef quiet; mess, 10@15c; extra, 15@16½c; ham, 24@31c; prime mess, 27@28c; India mess, 39@32c. Cut meats dull; hams, 13@13¼c; shoulders, 6@8½c; Cumberland middles, 8¾c; city long clear, 10¼c. Lard firmer; prime steam, 11@11¾c; kettle dried, May 11½ June, 12@12¼c. Butter dull; 12@13¾c for Western; 40c for State. Cheese, heavy at 11@15¾c.

LATEST.

Flour, quiet and unchanged in every respect, at $6.55@6.80 for shipping extra. Wheat dull; red and amber, $1.52@1.65. Rye, $1.10@1.12. Oats, 69@72c. Lard, more steady; cash, 12@12¾c; June, 12¾c. Eggs, dull and prices a shade lower; fresh, 17c.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, April 4.

In prints new and fresh styles are acceptable, and the bulk of goods now offering can be readily obtained at 10c. white Amoskeag, Freeman's and Arnold's, sell at 8¾c; mous delaines and challies are in fair request: Percals, Pacific Mills, 22¾c; printed lawns in choice styles, 14@18c; ginghams, steady at 15c for Lancaster and Amoskeag; 13c for Glasgow; 11¾c for Gloucester; Cumberland checks sell at 12¾c; Kennebec, 17½c; Lanark No. 2, 9¾c; Park Mills checks range in price from 13c up to 24c, as to quality; Star No. 12 do, 13¾c; Victory cambrics, 7c; Congress wagans, 10c; Pittsfield tickings, 6¾c; Swift River, 13½c; Pearl River, 16c; Hamiltons, 20c; six-cord soft finish sewed thread, 80c; Green and Daniels, 40c; worsted braids, 50c; common and high colors, 55c.

LOCAL NOTICES.

TOBACCO at cost at

BROAS'.

I AM now offering more fine building lots on Kerr street. J. N. Pew, Odd Fellows block, Titusville, Pa.

SEEDS, bulbs, roots of all kinds at catalogue prices, at Doty & Co.'s seed store.

THE American and new Empire stoves, the best in the market at reduced prices.

B. W. MURRAY.

J. N. PEW offers to sell a good dwelling and lot on Walnut street, for $3,200.

HARDWARE of every variety, at

B. W. MURRAY'S

THE improved Morning Glory Stove the best heater in use, at

B. W. MURRAY'S.

NO NAME Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco at

FIBBS BROS.

IF you want a Stove of any kind, call on B. W. Murray before you purchase.

PARLOR SUITS, from $65 to $350 at Russ & Davidson's.

SEGARS at cost at

BROAS'.

VICK'S seeds sold at Doty & Co.'s seed store.

RUSS & DAVIDSON have received a new and splendid stock of furniture, carpets, oilcloths, mattings and door mats for the spring trade, at the lowest market price. Call and examine before purchasing and save money.

FRESH mined Silver Brook Coal received daily at N. A. Lanphear's, foot Perry street.

CHAMBER SETS from $30 to $300 at Russ & Davidson's.

LOCAL NOTICES.

TO-DAY I offer a fine residence on Washington street, gas and other conveniences complete. Lot 60x180 feet. I will sell at a fair price. J. N. Pew, Odd Fellows block, Titusville, Pa.

LIME, cement and calcine plaster. C. A. Durfrey, corner Perry and Mechanic streets, Titusville, Pa.

FRESH mined Silver Brook Coal received daily at N. A. Lanphear's, foot Perry street.

CORN POPPERS—new style, strong and neat. They are at B. W. MURRAY'S.

If you have a discharge from the nose, offensive or otherwise, partial loss of the sense of smell, taste or hearing, eyes watering or weak, feel dull and stupid or debilitated, pain or pressure in the head, take cold easily, you may be sure you have the Catarrh. Thousands annually, without manifesting half of the above symptoms, terminate in Consumption and end in the grave. No disease is so common, more deceptive or less understood by physicians. Dr. R. V. Pierce, 133 Seneca St., Buffalo, N. Y., is the sole proprietor of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy—a perfect specific for Catarrh, "Cold in the Head," or Catarrh Headache, which he sends to any address by mail on receipt of sixty cents. Sold by all druggists.

STILL THEY COME.—Another invoice of goods just received at Esler's One Dollar Store, 63 Spring street, consisting of fine ladies hose, traveling bags, writing desks, etc.

MEERSCHAUM PIPES at cost at

BROAS'.

SEGARS, Tobacco, Pipes, etc, at cost at Geo. W. Broas', opposite Parshall House.

E. R. THOMPSON'S Improved Cough Syrup, a certain cure for colds, coughs, soreness of the lungs and chest. Manufactured and sold by the proprietor, corners of Diamond, Martin and Spring streets, Titusville, Pa.

I OFFER one lot for $400.

J. N. PEW.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Rose Croix Commandery, No. 38. Regular meeting this Wednesday evening 7 o'clock. The attendance of every member requested.

JOHN FERTIG, E. C.

H. B. CULLUM, Recorder.

Danger Ahead.—A single spark may kindle a flame that will consume a city, and small ailments neglected, may end in fatal disorders. Bearing this fact in mind, let the first symptoms of debility or nervous prostration be met promptly with invigorating treatment. Foremost among the vegetable tonics of the age stands Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, and whenever the vital powers seem to languish, or there is any reason to suspect that the animal functions essential to the sustenation and purification of the body are imperfectly performed this invaluable invigorant and antiseptic should at once be resorted to. Indigestion always produces weakness of the bodily powers. Sometimes it happens that the appetite demands more food than the stomach can digest, though not more, perhaps, than is required to keep up the full strength of the frame. The object under such circumstances, is to increase the digestive capacity of the assimilating organ, so as to make it equal to the duty imposed upon it by the appetite, and capable of supplying the *building material of the system* as fast as it is required. This object is fully accomplished by the use of the Bitters. They tone and gently stimulate the cellular membrane which secretes the gastric juice, and the result is that the solvent is mingled with the food in sufficient quantity to convert all its nourishing particles into pure and wholesome element. If, on the other hand, there is a deficiency of appetite, without any corresponding deficiency of digestive power, the effect of the tonic is to stimulate a desire for food. In nineteen cases out of twenty, headache, nausea, nervousness, fainting fits, spasms, and, indeed, most of the casual aches and pains to which humanity is subject, proceed primarily from indigestion complicated with biliousness; and for both these complaints Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are recommended as a speedy and certain remedy.

A Stated Meeting of Occident COUNCIL R., S. T. and S. M., No. 41, will be held at Masonic Hall, Thursday evening, April 6th, at 7 o'clock. Business of an important character will be transacted. All companion members and visiting companions are hereby notified and requested to attend.

A. A. ASPINWALL, T. I. G. M.

A. D. BETTERS, Recorder. apl-3t

Special Notice.—Herald Agent.—Mr. William A. Sands is our agent for general outside work. Advertising, job printing and subscriptions entrusted to him will be filled, and his receipt for our bills will be duly honored. Our friends throughout this city and the oil regions, are respectfully requested to give him their orders.

BLOSS BROS. & COGSWELL.

Notice.—On and after the 26th day of February, 1871, the rate of transportation on oil through the Hickory Branch of the A. T. Co. from Fagundas to Tidioute and Trunkeyville will be twenty cents per barrel of forty-three gallons each.

AVERY ANDERSON,

ja31tf Sup't Hickory Branch A. T. Co.

Blasting in Oil Wells.

The failures in obtaining satisfactory results in oil wells, undoubtedly arise from imperfect explosion, and this is especially the case with Nitro-Glycerine. Parties who desire a complete explosion of this material, must themselves insist on a perfect exploder being used, otherwise their money and time is utterly wasted. Remember the cartridge may be blown to pieces and rent open without effecting the explosion of the Nitro-Glycerine it contains. It is very seldom that more than one-third of the powder or "combination," are ever exploded, and it is on this account, that when pure Nitro-Glycerine is used, if part has been exploded, the remain

McFARLAND,

SMITH & CO.

Are now

CLOSING OUT

the balance of their

stock of

MEN'S and BOYS'

Winter Clothing,

Underwear,

Hosiery,

HATS AND CAPS

at

Greatly Reduced

Prices.

A liberal discount allowed on all Winter-Weight Clothing made to order in their Custom Department the next thirty days.

THE

CITIZENS BANK,

Titusville, Pa.

OFFICERS:

WM. H. ABBOTT..........................President.
I. G. JACKSON..........................Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

WM. H. ABBOTT, GEO. K. ANDERSON,
F. W. AMES, F. W. ANDREWS,
D. H. CADY, LYMAN STEWART,
I. G. JACKSON.

This Bank is organized on the partnership principle, each stockholder being individually liable to the FULL EXTENT OF HIS PROPERTY.

FOUR, FIVE AND SIX PER CENT.

Interest allowed on time deposits in Saving's Bank Department, special facilities being offered to SMALL DEPOSITORS.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES of all kinds for sale.

Discounts made and a General Banking Business transacted.

Shamburg

Savings Bank,

Shamburg, Pa.

WM. H. ABBOTT..........................President
JOHN B. DRUM..........................Cashier.

This institution is a branch of the Citizens Bank, of Titusville, and business is conducted on the same principle.

INTEREST ON TIME DEPOSITS. A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

Sept30 tf

LOCAL NOTICES.

D. HARRIS & BRO., sole agents for the Herz Seamless Marquise Marguerites, (one to six buttons,) Kid Gloves, in colored opera, white, black and solid colors. Every pair guaranteed.

Titusville, Pa., March 13, 1871.

FRESH mined Silver Brook Coal received daily at N. A. Lanphear's, foot Perry street.

MR. H. FREEMAN, Petroleum Centre, Agent for the Excelsior Gas Pump:

DEAR SIR—We are using the "Double Acting Excelsior Gas Pump," purchased of you, and consider them far superior in suction and durability to any other Gas Pump heretofore used.

Cady & Thompson, Titusville.
Phillips & Boyles, Petroleum Centre.
Kepler & Worden, Petroleum Centre.
T. J. Nottingham, Tarr Farm.
Parker & Perrin, Tarr Farm.
Robert Duffield, Tarr Farm.
F. G. Irwin, Rouseville.
N. P. Stone, Rouseville.
A. H. Bronson, Shamburg.

STOCK and fixtures of a first-class segar store for sale. Address P. O. box "A." or call at the store, 32 Spring street, opposite Parshall House.

NEW CLOTHING STORE.—On the first of April Mr. M. Arnold will open the new store in the Roberts' block with a large, complete and and elegant assortment of gentlemen's clothing and furnishing goods. There will also be a custom department well stocked with the most desirable lines of goods of latest and most desirable styles.

DWELLING HOUSES are insured at bottom rates at old established agency of Fred. Bates & Co., No. 9 Franklin street.

FURS of every description, at the lowest prices, just being opened, at D. Harris & Bro., 41 Spring street.

BEST Kid Gloves. Every pair guaranteed by D. Harris & Bro., 41 Spring street.

TINWARE of every description on hand, and made to order at B. W. MURRAY'S.

MECHANICS' TOOLS of all descriptions, at B. W. MURRAY'S.

FRESH mined Silver Brook Coal received daily at N. A. Lanphear's, foot Perry street.

LOOK TO YOUR HEALTH.—McDonald's Tolu Cough Syrup. Money refunded for every bottle that does not effect a cure.

FRESH mined Silver Brook Coal received daily at N. A. Lanphear's, foot Perry street.

COAL—COAL.—Notwithstanding the strike in the Anthracite regions, and consequent advance in the price of coal, Chapin & Lardner are still delivering the best quality of Pittston coal at $10.00 per ton, about town.

FRESH mined Sivor Brook Coal received daily at N. A. Lanphear's, foot Perry street.

Titusville Morning Herald.

Wednesday, April 5, 1871.

New Advertisements To-Day.

Rose Croix Commandery—John Fortig, E. C.
Office Removed—E. H. Chase & Son.
House and Barn to Rent—Fred. Bates & Co.
Meadville Opera House—M'lle Christina Nilsson.
Organization Ball—Titusville German Saengerbund.
House and Lot for Sale—Geo. J. Sherman.
Sugar Plantation for Sale—McCall & McCulloh, New Orleans.
Hostetter's Stomach Bitters.
Day Boarders Wanted—Angier Brothers.
New Gas Pump and Blower—Andrews & Co., Tidioute, Pa.

CONNECTICUT.—Our dispatches this morning do not certainly indicate that the Republicans have carried the State, but it is sufficiently clear to justify that confident prediction. Both parties claim the victory, and it is evidently a very "close shave." Congressman Kelly read a dispatch in the House yesterday asserting the election of Jewell, and as both branches of the Legislature are Republican, it is evidently a safe calculation. This stems the wave of Democracy from New Hampshire, and considering the herculean efforts and confident boasting of our opponents, affords substantial cause of congratulation.

"To the Rescue."

Miss Anna E. Dickinson lectured for the third time in Titusville last evening, and in the new Opera House attracted a much larger audience than on either former occasion. Indeed, the house was very compactly filled, the audience comparing favorably with the best of the season. The lecturer was welcomed with warm applause, and her subject, which was a plea for the ballot, was handled in a manner that showed she had given it earnest study and deliberation. She commenced by painting the immense area of country extending from the border States to the Pacific, and depicting the marvellous tide of immigration flowing in upon it from the gates of the Atlantic, and from Asia and the islands of the sea. She contrasted the comparative simplicity of past generations with the all absorbing and grasping avidity of modern America, showing that we were not satisfied with our present ample domain, but that our politicians looked forward to the acquisition of Canada, and Mexico, Cuba, and particularly St. Domingo. That we look upon ourselves as a peculiar people, as a nation favored of God, as defenders of the oppressed, and that every individual is born free and equal. As we were willing even to die in defence of our institutions, we should now see to it that they are more properly preserved. Instead of this however, we were sowing oppression and we must reap its legitimate fruits. But unhappily the country so far from being controlled by the people, was in the hands of unprincipled politicians. The platforms are built on rotten foundations, and she could draw no distinction between the Democrats and Republicans in this respect, because both parties were working for their own aggrandizement, while the people were chained like slaves to the galley. The voter of to-day either prostitutes or loses his vote, and the intelligent, educated and refined, shunned and avoided politics as something loathsome and beneath their notice. She described the primary meetings controlled by professional politicians as shaping the ends, and determining the destinies of the country. She exhorted the intelligent citizen on the sacredness of the trust which Providence imposed upon him in that capacity, and said that if America is to stand it must be by the aid of the educated, refined and better class of people who now stand aloof from the polls. She felt this responsibility resting upon her, not as a woman but as a citizen. She had knocked at the door, but was refused admittance, and asked that the chains and shackles should be removed from her feet and that the privileges of American citizenship be given her. The popular theory of the ballot comprehended only two classes of women, the women of fashion and the household drudge; ignoring the great middle class, upon whom would rest the responsibilities of the ballot, and all of whom would vote if they had an opportunity. It was not claimed that women were more intelligent than men, because under their present disadvantages she could not uphold such a thing; it would be time enough for future generations to decide this matter after they had been accorded equal privileges and rights with men, and enjoyed a few centuries of immaculate liberty. She upbraided the men for the lack of interest in the welfare of the country, as illustrated by the fact that nine-tenths of them devoted more time and attention to little matters of business than to the all important questions of voting. She claimed that men and women look upon matters from two altogether different stand points, and insisted that woman being a legal citizen, should also be a legal voter. The objection raised by men to granting women this just and reasonable privilege of voting were dwelt upon, at considerable length, illustrating the absurdities of the argument that because she was unfit for many physical hardships she was therefore unfit for the ballot.

Horace Greeley neither dug ditches, nor shouldered a musket, and yet he contributed as successfully as any other to the salvation of the country. It demonstrated the unreasonableness of disfranchising all who from deformity, infirmity, age or other cause, were unable either to serve in a military capacity or perform heavy work. Men overlooked many of the sufferings of humanity, which it is the province of politics to care for, and which the tender heart of woman would at once recognize and relieve, such as prison discipline, the management of schools, etc., etc. Women were not selfish for themselves, but for their friends, their husbands and their families, which is more than could be said of men. Is was through the ballot alone that women could enter upon that higher existence and field of labor to which she was called, toiling side by side, upon an equal footing with men, in the great work of purifying and elevating and ennobling humanity. With women in that position, she argued, all the woe and bitterness and misery in the world would not because it could not be entirely assuaged, yet much of it could be relieved, because much of it would never exist under such a condition. It would not be the work of a month or a year, after the ballot was given women, that this consummation would be brought about, but the light would come through perhaps slowly and delayed for years.

In developing this argument, the speaker enforced her doctrine, and spiced the exhortations, with that ready wit, and more rare and peculiar eloquence of intense earnestness, which are always so marked in her public addresses and which however the hearer may differ, carries the conviction with it that the utterances are those of perhaps a slight enthusiast, but certainly a true, whole souled, clear headed liberal hearted woman—as much different from the namby-pambyism by which many of her fair sisterhood endeavor to edify an audience, as sensationalism is from truth.

Pithole Redivivus.

HOW IT LOOKED THEN—HOW IT IS NOW—THE TOWN THAT WON'T STAY DOWN.

In view of recent oil developments near Pithole, and the anticipated revival of business in that famous locality, the following notes in relation to this oil field, its past history and future prospects, cannot fail to prove of interest to those who witnessed the rise and fall of the excitement of 1865 and '66, and are familiar with the local history of this most remarkable of oil towns, that now promises to be partially "Phœnixed" from its ashes and lethargy, and upon a more healthy basis than that which marked its early rise, take its place again among the important and permanent settlements of the oil region. Though oil operations have lately received a stimulus in that vicinity, and a few months may serve to repeople its streets and inaugurate a liveliness not witnessed upon its hillsides for years, yet at present the town and its surroundings are dull, very dull, in comparison to former times, and as the best method of exhibiting the contrast between the past and present, we append the following chapter of its early history, with modern notes:

The following "heading" from a metropolitan journal of 1865, informed the public of the birth of Pithole, and prepared the speculative mind for the sales of oil and gas stocks that shortly followed: "The New Oil Dorado—Pithole Creek and its Wonders—Astonishing Oil Developments—Subterranean Revolution—New Sensation in the History of Oildom—Speculation Ablaze—The New Oil Regime—Sudden Fortunes Made—Ten Million Dollars Already Invested—Pithole—Pithole—Pithole." The above caption was about the first reliable (?) information the world had received from "The New Oil Dorado," and as a matter of subsequent history we will merely remark that "a confiding public" flocked to the "wonders of Pithole creek." "Sudden fortunes" were made by a few lucky ones, and "sudden disappearances" marked the failure of others. "Ten million dollars" is an under estimate of the amount of money that charged hands during the oil fever, and the departing as well as the rallying cry was "Pithole! Pithole! Pithole!" A correspondent who made the pilgrimage to the oily Mecca at this time says:

On the way we encountered pedestrians in squads of five, ten and twenty, at intervals, and quite a number of horsemen. The foot passengers had, some their coats on their arms, some valises in their hands, and some with packs slung to their backs.

On the thousand barrel strike of the United States well there was a grand race for the telegraph office in Plumer—some on foot across lots, others on horseback over roads upon which there was but one muddy place—that was all the way. Mr. Benson had just opened the United States telegraph office in Plumer, and was a witness to the race, the most striking point of which was the leading horse, slipping in a deep, soggy, spot within a few rods of the telegraph office, causing the rider to throw a complete summersault in the miry mass, but not checking his velocity; for he left his horse to flounder and sped the remainder of the distance to the office, where he had the good luck to get the first chance to operate on the Eastern markets, and to make a handsome pile.

The most popular route to Pithole then lay from Oil City through Plumer, though several lines from Shaffer to Pithole, and from Tarr farm, and Rouseville, also converged on the old Plumer road near the site of the city afterwards erected. The distances were not noted by miles, but by drinking stations, it being six drinks from Plumer to Pithole, and when the excitement was at its full, to stand at any of the "wayside inns" and gaze down the clay road through a tanzy darkened glass, the scene presented, resembled that during an eclipse of the sun; every individual was gazing at the heavens through an inverted glass, flecked with sugar and tinged with rattlesnake preventative. The Titusville and Pleasantville road had not then been planked, and Webb the ship builder had not yet placed the Miller and Pithole planks on the stays, nor launched a comfortable fortune into the depths of Pennsylvania soil.

They have two kinds of pies at the Plumer stopping place where you dine. It was amusing to hear a young damsel ask a gentleman "What kind of pie he would have, custard or Pithole?" and then blush like a damask rose at her mistake. But it no wonder such mistakes are made. Pithole is in everybody's mouth. In Titusville, it is said, a short time ago a divine gave out his text, "The seventh chapter of Pithole"—meaning Amos—"first verse; 'I bring thee drink.'"

Plumer, once the center of oil operations and the site of one of the largest and best refineries in the region, the "Humboldt Oil Works" has long since fallen from her greatness, and her pies we no longer a theme of conversation, nor taste in the mouths of travellers.

IN PITHOLE CITY.

We made a road for the buck-board down the bank at Rooker's farm, forded Pithole creek within a stone's throw of the great United States well, and struck into the brush, woods, hewn lumber, building material, falling trees, oil barrels, and a swarm of speculators and mechanics all busier than any bees that ever touched a petroleum barrel, and, after carrying the buck-board some distance, presently pushed within the oily portals of the new Oil-Dorado.

THE UNITED STATES WELL.

Without stopping to notice the characteristics of the place at the present moment, I will plunge at once into the subject of the great object of attraction, the United States well. The well is now flowing seven hundred barrels per day. Since the "sucker rod" was taken out it has flowed as high as eight hundred and sixty barrels per day. The lowest flow was a little over five hundred barrels per day. The "Twin" wells, adjoining, flow together about five hundred barrels with the sucker rods in. Those wells produce in the aggregate twelve hundred barrels per day. There are some twenty four tanks into which the oil is conveyed, each tank holding about twelve hundred barrels.

The tanks are not all full, some not more than half. There are about fifteen thousand barrels of oil in tank, selling at three dollars and a half per barrel. The United States well is a natural wonder. It seems as if it were one of the nostrils of the earth through which the breathings of the interior of creation are carried on. There is a sign of "no smoking or fire allowed here"—a precaution that would seem to be unnecessary, the atmosphere being so impregnated with gas that a person would as soon think of smoking a cigar in a powder magazine as here. One of the wells has once been on fire, and the surface of the creek covered with oil by the bursting of a tank. But no great damage has been done by fire as yet to this remarkable locality.

The United States well was struck in January, 1865, and the same month oil was sold at the well for $18.00 per barrel, a figure not afterwards reached by the product in that locality. The Holmden farm upon which this well was located, contained at one time upwards of one hundred producing wells, and in the month of October, 1865, the production of oil for fourteen days was thirty one thousand barrels. The more important wells upon this farm were the "United States," "Twin Wells," "Grant," "Pool" and "Eureka." At the present time of writing, the wilderness of derricks that once covered these flats have entirely disappeared, and to one not familiar with the ground it would be impossible to discover the sites of these famous wells. Looking up the valley from the site of the old United States well, nothing meets the eye, save a long stretch of bottom land covered with stumps, and occasional trees, with now and then a derrick timber or section of Samson post protruding, all blackened and charred by the numerous oil conflagrations that at different times have swept the valley. The dismantled tank house of the United States Oil Company still remains, but the derricks that once filled the lowlands adjacent to Pithole creek, have with one or two exceptions, entirely disappeared, and the land as far as outward sign is concerned, resembles untested and wild territory. Lying on the ground, its gilt letters dimmed and partially effaced by the storms of several seasons, we saw the sign of one of the wealthiest petroleum companies in the region, upon which, hardly readable, were the words United States Petroleum Company's Office. The office of the company, the wells and officials have long since disappeared, though the latter are still in existence, hold the lands of the company, and intend sinking a well or two this coming summer. The office of the "Land Interest" still remains, and the following weather beaten signs are discernible each side of the door: "Chicago and Allegheny Oil and Mining Company"—Garden City Petroleum and Mining Company, James McNair, Superintendent.

A MANAGER'S DODGE.

It is reported on the ground that when the United States well first commenced flowing the fact was for a time concealed from the public, and the well plugged up, in order to enable those in the ring to buy up the stock at a low figure. The well was sunk as a speculation, which was regarded as chimerical by some well informed oil men. It was altogether a lottery, in which those who invested unexpectedly drew great prizes.

THE TERRITORY.

Pithole city is located upon the Thomas Holmden farm. The widow Holmden farm, the Rooker and the Blackmer farms adjoins the property on each side. The widow Holmden farm, of about one hundred acres, is leased at a nominal sum by the United States Petroleum Company for nine years for oil purposes, and for one year to different parties for building purposes. One half the oil is reserved for the widow's portion. The same arrangement is made with the Thomas Holmden farm. The Rooker farm is in some dispute as regards title, but parties are leasing under authority of Prather & Co., subject to contingencies respecting the validity of the title. The Rooker and Holmden families are related by marriage—a Holmden marrying a Rooker and a Rooker marrying a Holmden.

The Blackmer farm never produced any oil, though at one time it was supposed to rank among the most valuable pieces of land in that section, and an abandoned well commenced flowing oil in considerable quantities. Leases upon this tract once commanded a high bonus, and was valued at "half a million" before a well was put down. Its only value consisted in a sulphur spring and a flowing water well which furnished the small quantity of nature's fluid used for drinking purposes in Pithole City, and which, before the completion of the city water works, was retailed through the streets at $1 00 per barrel, and ten cents per pail full.

PITHOLE CITY ITEMS.

Pithole City is the growth of forty days It contains over three hundred buildings of goodly size and appearance, and has a population of two thousand white males, eleven females and one colored person.

The United States Hotel is the principal hotel at present. It was built as a storage house for oil. Now it feeds perhaps a thousand persons a day, and lodges as many as can be packed within the walls like herrings in a box.

All the town lots were leased a month ago at prices varying from $100 to $200 per year, for three years, by Messrs. Prather & Duncan, who purchased the property for $25,000, and have since made a present of $75,000 to the former owner. I believe the property has lately been stocked by the same gentlemen. All these lots have been re-leased at bonuses of from $1,000 to $7,000. The size of the lots are 33 by 100 to 140. The sites of the new hotels nearly completed by Mr. Patchen, of Rouseville, on Holmden street, and Captain Vandergrift, on First street, leased for $5,000 and $7,000 each Captain V. will immediately construct, in connection with his hotel, a theatre, concert and billiard saloon, etc. His hotel is to be called the "Metropolitan." The Captain has just paid $52,000 for three acres on Rooker farm.

All kinds of business are being opened the principal ones being the sale liquors, and leases.

A telegraph line is in operation, and stages carry people in every direction. A horse railroad will reach here from Titusville before long.

Board in a rough, unfurnished building is three dollars per day, and more applicants than can be accommodated. A respectable party called on Widow Holmden a night or two ago and begged the privilege of being allowed to sleep in her barn.

New York interests are ahead in Pithole City, as they are in most of the places through which I have traveled in these regions. The New Yorkers have literally invaded Pennsylvania and are planting her soil with greenbacks. It is estimated that already ten millions of dollars are invested in Pithole oil territory. All the territory above and below must advance in price in consequence of the recent discoveries and the prevailing excitement.

Provisions in Pithole are fifteen per cent. higher than they are in Titusville or Oil City.

Many ladies on horseback daily visit Pithole for the purpose of seeing the wonderful well and testing the mineral water on Blackmar farm, which, by the way, might be carried up to the Parker House, which is situated on a hill, at no very heavy expense. Saratoga will have to look to her laurel when the virtues of this water obtain notoriety.

Horse thieves are plenty in Pithole. Every night one or more horses are stolen. A vigilance committee is talked of. There are several ugly looking scamps in town.

Pithole has suffered terribly by fire, and since the last visitation in 1866, has never recovered her former appearance, while nearly all of the better class of buildings have been removed to other points in the region. The United States Hotel is yet standing, vacant, but with a prospect of being reopened should the developments now in progress result favorably. The Patchin House, afterwards known as the Chase House, and one of the most popular hotels in the region, is now located at Pleasantville, where it retains its original size and appearance. The builder, Mr. Patchin, of Rouseville, left the region in 1865, and now keeps a favorite summer resort at the mouth of Rocky river, near Cleveland, Ohio. The "horse railroad" was never in active operation between Titusville and Pithole, as predicted by the enthusiastic writer from whom we quote. The horse furnished the only speedy means of locomotion ever existing between the points mentioned, though a genuine railroad is now promised, and the indications of its early completion are favorable

New York as well as nearly every city in the Union, did contribute liberally towards puncturing the earth's crust in this vicinity, and many an Eastern sharper who had faced Wall street "bears and bulls" for years, found his eye teeth fully cut before he left the creek, and in some instances by the original inhabitants of the land. The statement of the writer that "there are several ugly looking scamps in town," seems improbable to those who are acquainted with the facts, though from the fact that the hotels are well supplied with mirrors it may have been that he discovered the subjects mentioned.

Pithole was thus named in consequence of an extraordinary pit or cavern that exists about three miles from the city. In this pit stones are thrown, but they are never heard to drop. Its depth has not as yet been fathomed. The whole country between here and Plumer is believed to be cavernous.

A body of explorers visited this cavern in 1865, and found an opening several feet in depth, at the bottom of which a nerrow crevice led off at right angles, too small to admit of further entrance. There were frequent "caves" in petroleum and petroleum stocks, which swallowed up operations, capital and all.

THE MOREY FARM

contains upwards of one hundred and sixty acres, adjoins the Holmden farm, with one end running to main Pithole creek and the opposite end crossing Holmden run. The first and only well tubed is the New York Pithole Creek Petroleum Company's well No. 3, producing thirty barrels, and increasing, (flowing by spells) Leases issued for over one hundred wells, fifteen now drilling, twenty-eight with derricks erected and engines on the ground, and sixty others preparing to commence and under contract to begin drilling within thirty and forty-five days. The lessees of lots on the Morey farm are mainly old Oil creek operators of experience, ability and means. The three flowing wells of the United States Petroleum Company are within one hundred and twenty-eight rods of this farm on one side, the Island well twenty rods, and the Homestead well twenty-two feet on the other side. Lots are leasing at a cash bonus of $1,000 to $8,000 per acre and a royalty of one-half the oil.

Now building on this property and nearly completed—a new first class hotel, centrally located, known as the "Morey Farm Hotel," one hundred and fifty feet in length, and four stories in height, with wing and with a double piazza the entire length, twelve feet in width, shaded by a beautiful grove of two acres, which is to be fitted up with walks, rests, summer houses, fountain, etc. This hotel will be neatly furnished and carpeted throughout and supplied with water from a pure spring. Mr. Charles G. Murch, late of New York city, will dispense the hospitalities of this hotel, where he will be prepared to lodge four hundred and dine one thousand guests.

An oil exchange room in this hotel is expressly set apart for the transaction of business among operators, and a liberal trade has already commenced in the buying and selling of interests in wells now in progress, and of royalty and working interests in leases. A telegraph office will also be established in this house.

The Morey farm was sold by the original owners for $300,000 but might have been obtained for $100,000, had the purchasers promptly placed the revenue stamp required by law upon the deed; as it happened however a little dispute as to who should stamp the parchment, resulted in the purchasers, paying $200,000 for that privilege.

The Burtis well, struck in January, 1866, and at one time one of the most valuable wells in the vicinity, flowed six months, and is still yielding oil in small quantities. One or two new wells are now being drilled upon this farm by parties who think the bottom has not yet been reached.

The Morey farm hotel, erected in 1865 by Charles Murch, of New York, enjoyed a brilliant career of a few weeks, but the $70,000 expended in its erection was never seen again, though board was furnished to numberless guests for the moderate compensation of ten dollars per day, and an army of Saratoga waiters, redolent of rose hair oil, and resplendent in white aprons, served up all the delicacies of the metropolis in a style unsurpassed anywhere. This hotel was burned in October 1866, by an incendiary, who sought that method of revenging himself upon the owners for some fancied wrong.

"July 16—Governor Fenton, of New York, accompanied by General Harvey, Judge Advocate, and some other gentlemen, visited the United States well to-day coming by way of the Morey farm. The Governor is in bad health, and while viewing the flow of the principal well was so overcome by the gas that he nearly fainted. His visit, I understand, is simply one of curiosity. Governor Curtin, of this State, was expected to meet Governor Fenton at Pithole, but failed to make his appearance.

This is the only instance history records of the sight of a flowing well causing a faintness, though we have known of one or two cases where a simple dry hole has produced cramps, and a general indisposition, accompanied with bile and splenetic affections.

WELL WHAT DO YOU THINK OF PITHOLE?

This is the question that is now asked daily upon the railroads and in hotels and other places of resort for oil operators and land speculators.

The recent sale of the Rooker farm, lying in a southeasterly direction from Pithole City, has excited considerable comment, and the striking of the Haskell and Phillips Bros. well shows that there is oil in paying quantities near by. This Rooker farm, which sold for $105,000, could hardly have been given away at one time for oil purposes; now it is considered "number one" and nearly all surrounding farms have been quietly looked up and purchased where it could be effected. There are many operators who think the "belt" proper does not extend beyond its present defined limits, but in most cases these are views of those who have unsuccessful in their efforts to procure territory in the vicinity. The belt seems to extend towards the mouth of Stewart's Run, on the Allegheny River, or perhaps a trifle more towards the east between Stewart's Run and Tionesta, though of course these are at present mere conjectures. The completion of the wells now in process of drilling will serve to determine the confines and value of this territory more fully.

Business in Pithole is looking up. There are no vacant buildings in the city to be had, and if the representatives of the Holmden farm land interest would sell city lots in fee at a fair price, there would be many buildings erected right away. As it is, the system of heavy ground rents has already served to remove many fine buildings and prevent the erection of new ones. The Danforth House, under the management of Colonel Alford, is doing a rushing business and from three to five dinners are served on busy days to hungry visitors. Guests draw cuts for the privilege of getting a chance at the first table, and the old "regime" is partially revived. The Johnson House, which has been closed for years, will shortly be re-opened.

Capt. D. W. Bailey, the efficient postmaster, and who has all along clung to the idea that "Pithole must revive," now wears a contented smile, and says the post office business has increased one hundred per cent. An express office has recently been opened in the post office building.

THE PITHOLE VALLEY RAILROAD.

This road is increasing its business every day, and under the able management of its present officials, promises to become one of the most important lines in the region. The officers of the road are as follows: A. H. Steele, President; S. N. Pettis and Hon. J. H Dale, Directors; Superintendent, J. T. Blair.

A new locomotive, familiarly known as "Thompson's Pride," has lately been added to the rolling stock of the road, and which is really one of the finest pieces of mechanism in the region, the "Union" and "Oil Creek" lines not excepted. Two new passenger cars and a baggage car will be added soon, and upon the completion of the road to Shamburg, Pleasantville and Titusville, we may hope to see through palace sleeping coaches between the places mentioned and all points east or west. The freight and passenger business over the Pithole Valley road has nearly doubled, and on Saturdays an "extra" is put on to accommodate travel. There are several points in relation to the new developments in this locality of which we shall speak shortly.

Lubricating Oil on Patchel Run.

FRANKLIN, March 31, 1871.

Editors Morning Herald:

In reading yesterday's issue of the *Courier* I saw it there stated that a new well had been found on Patchell Run, claiming it to be producing seventy-five barrels. I wish to correct it, knowing that but two barrels had been produced since last Monday, and on Wednesday it was sold by the Sheriff for three hundred and twenty-five dollars, but I have not the slighest doubt but what when properly tested will turn out a good twenty barrel well. These wild exagerated statements are calculated as working a great injury to the Lubricating oil producing business. From the nearest information I can get, I find that the production of lubricating oil of this district will not average the past month more than three hundred barrels daily. It seems to me that there is something radically wrong, that this lubricating oil should be down to $4.50 and $4.75 per barrel. I find the West Virginia producers are complaining that the producers of this district gave way, and it has never rallied since. We used, two years since, to have no trouble in selling our oil at $13 per barrel, and could get our cash for it. Now we have to sell at $4 50 and $4 75, and must wait one, two or three months for our money. I say that if our oil is worth anything as a lubricating oil, it is and should be worth at least $10 per barrel. We have several producers here who are poor, and are obliged to sell as soon as their tanks are full, otherwise I think we might look for a better price. Yours truly,

LUBRICATOR.

THE LECTURE of Miss Anna Dickinson at Rouseville Tuesday night was a great success in every respect. The Methodist Church, whose seating capacity is supposed to be about three hundred and fifty, held just four hundred and nine persons, and at least one hundred more tickets could have been sold had there been any room in the Church for a larger audience. The tickets sold at one dollar each, with no free list or dead heads. The premium towards night was three dollars, at which price some were tempted to forego their pleasure, and hear the gifted speaker at some future time. The net proceeds of the lecture were $189, which is to be divided equally between the Sabbath Schools of the Methodist, Presbyterian and Episcopal Churches. The gentleman in charge of the lecture, speak in high terms of commendation of the Oil Creek Railroad for their kindness in holding a special train in readiness to carry Miss Dickinson from Oil City to Rouseville. She came from Jamestown, Pa, on the afternoon mail train which is too late to connect with the mail train at Oil City, and as the next train does not leave till 7:50, the value of the special train will be understood. Rouseville is a live town and appreciates a good lecture even when it rains as hard as it did Tuesday night.

STREET PAVEMENT.—The condition of our streets is such that it requires no further argument to demonstrate the necessity of wooden block pavements. It will be tedious waiting for the passage of the charter amendments before inaugurating this improvement, and we learn that some of our largest property holders have determined to commence work on their own account. Messrs. George K. Anderson and A. R. Williams, who have laid out Elm street, from Monroe to Spring street, and who own about four-fifths of the property within those limits, have decided to commence the improvement of the street as soon as practicable. Other property holders in different localities will probably follow suit. One would think, from the horrible condition of our streets that the Council would be flooded with unanimous petitions from property holders on various streets, to commence the work without waiting for the charter amendments.

MAN RUN OVER BY THE CARS.—On Monday morning, Daniel Campbell, a man who worked in the Garland quarry, was found with both legs cut off, and the body badly mangled, on the track of the P. & E. railroad, about three miles east of Corry. His satchel lay near the body, and contained some sausage meat, beefsteak, and two bottles of whisky. In one of his pockets was found an undertaker's receipt for a coffin. The theory is that he fell off one of the trains while in a state of intoxication. His home was in Garland, where he leaves six motherless children, the oldest of which is only fifteen years of age.

J. H. BROAS & SON have leased second floor of Union Hall, opposite the Crittenden Hotel. It is to be remodeled, painted and fixed up in style for exhibitions, balls, lectures, etc., and will be ready by the 15th of May. They are also going to enlarge their building, Broas' Hall, corner of Main and Franklin streets, by an addition 20x36 on Main street. The present fine hall is 26x50. With the addition it will be 26x70, with additional ante-rooms. This hall is fourteen feet in the clear, and the best in the city for balls.

AMATEUR BASE BALL CLUB.—The young men in Bryan, Dillingham & Co's machine works, have started a base ball club, of seven members, called the Emmett club, with Frank Whalon as captain, Billy Abbott as treasurer, and B Abel, secretary. The grounds are located on Watson Flats, where they practice every fine evening. They have the bone, the muscle, the skill, and perseverance to develop a first class amateur club. They hope at no distant day to make it hot for some of the crack professionals in the country.

MR. WILLIAM A. SANDS is our agent for general outside work. Advertising, job printing and subscriptions entrusted to him will be filled, and his receipt for our bills will be duly honored. Our friends throughout this city and the oil regions are respectfully requested to give him their orders.

BLOSS BROS. & COGSWELL.

NEW WELLS.—Two new wells struck by G. V. Foreman, on the Cape farm, about two miles east of the new well at Reno, one pumping 40 barrels and the other 15 barrels, and a well torpedoed by Halderman, near Megrew district, is pumping 40 barrels, and the well at Reno is doing fully 100 barrels.

OIL CITY.—A dispatch from Oil City last evening informed us that Williams, Republican, was elected Mayor yesterday by sixty majority.

TEN CENTS per bunch, or three for twenty-five cents, for Radish, Lettuce and Onions, at Shank's.

Educational.

CORRY, Pa., April 1, 1871.

Editors Morning Herald:

For a few days we have been visiting the various schools along the western end of the O. C. R. R. Corry we find advancing in numbers and strength, and discipline, and a very commendable thoroughness. Prof. James McNaughton, principal of the High school and superintendent of all the Corry schools, is a graduate of Meadville college and a teacher of experience. In the High school he is assisted by Mrs. McNaughton, who is a teacher of first class ability, and a master spirit in the class room. Very many teachers "all about town" could "learn something" worth knowing and that would assist them in conducting classes in penmanship, elocution and composition, that trouble so many schools, and perhaps get hints in many other things worth while and time.

Corry has begun a good work in schools. New and costly school buildings are provided (one is not yet finished), furnished with the most improved furniture, and the Directors seem determined to insist on thoroughness everywhere, although it is drawing very hard on their supply of money. We think Dr. Stubbs has the truth in that motto he follows: *"The best is the cheapest."* We cannot speak of all the other teachers, nor detail the amount of work done by Prof. McNaughton, but it will certainly show for itself like all good pioneer work.

Mr. Stewart has sold the Commercial College and it is to continue under still better advantages. We did not learn the name of the new manager. Mr. A. M. Martin, of the *Republican*, we understand, will teach short-hand writing in the school.

We happened to be at Hydetown to attend the closing of the Winter term on Friday. Professor C. F. Chamberlain, the principal of the school, is just closing his second year in that pleasant town. From the moment you enter the house you are struck with the air of perfect order and the cheerful but accurate work performed there. One could wander through the silk and ribbon factories of Philadelphia, the American Watch Company's shops at Waltham, and wonder at the greatness of the work that accomplishes the difficult, and after studying the work we often fail to see its finest execution, because we are unacquainted with that kind of work, but to the faithful teacher, success in the school room, in any place and by any one, fills the heart with delight to overflowing, and he would exclaim like the old philosopher of Syracuse, as he ran home from the bath naked, and in the joy of his heart exclaimed *"Eureka."* Mr. and Mrs. C. have labored ardently this season, and there is every reason to believe their work is not lost.

On every side the kindest feeling and the warmest appreciation of true and faithful labor were freely given, and culminated in a pleasant sociable, or party at Ridgway hall in the evening, where old and young peasants and children gathered to do the honors of the day. Certainly Mr. Chamberlain has an enviable reputation well earned. Any one who has witnessed his class exercise, must admit that in almost all, if indeed it may not be said entirely all, his efforts are a great success. Year after year, his whole soul has been drawn out and trained to school duty until his whole being seems to pervade the school room and carry success everywhere with it. Here you always find the pleasant smile, the kind word, the gentle correction, and the careful stimulus administered by accuracy and firmness and guided by the steady hand that points to higher ways and nobler walks in life, while storing the mind with seeds of knowledge in a thousand untold ways. Mr. C. also has been for years a pioneer in methods of teaching, and it is very gratifying to his friends and former scholars, scattered over Western Pennsylvania to know that his life-work, so far, is of a high order, and failure flies before him.

The members of the school presented Mr. and Mrs. C. with some beautiful presents as testimonials of the esteem and appreciation of their labors, among others a beautiful silver castor and sets, valued for more than one reason. The school also presented their organist, Miss Cora Hyde, with a beautiful book, as an acknowledgement of her kindness and patient labor for the school, in furnishing music to them. All of these present were complete surprises, and were presented in a manner that showed the feelings of the kind friends who gave them, and touched chords that will vibrate in the hearts of those upon whom they were bestowed, in after years, calling the memory back to those loved ones and these endearing associations, where clusters so much that makes life pleasant, and kind young hearts happy, noble, and good. K.

CURBSTONE ORNAMENTS.—Under this heading the Troy *Whig* has the following, which in some respects will apply to this and all cities: "By this term we designate a certain class of well-dressed, waxed-mustached youths who are to be seen at nearly all hours of the day until evening, standing in certain localities, in groups of three, four or five, disporting in killing attitudes, and making themselves notoriously prominent in more ways than one. The localities in which they "hang out" are selected where ladies are almost constantly passing and repassing, who are obliged to undergo a perfect battery of remarks and insinuations, insulting in the extreme, and showing the authors to be utterly devoid of any of the component parts that go toward making a gentleman. This nuisance has grown to such an evil that steps should at once be taken to eradicate it. On Sunday these same gentlemen loiter around the church entrances, insulting all respectable people by their behavior. They are the cause of numerous complaints, and we hope that some steps may be taken by the authorities to abolish this nuisance."

ISHAM & CO, JEWELERS.—Among the many business houses of Titusville, that deserve the attention of strangers, and which will amply repay an examination, is the jewelry establishment of Isham & Co., on Spring street, nearly opposite the American Hotel. They have recently enlarged and otherwise beautified their main salesroom, and with its shelves and show cases filled as they are with costly and elegant solid silver and silver plated ware, beautiful and rich gold and silver jewelry of every design and pattern, rare works of art, etc., will bear close comparison with similar establishments in any of our large cities or towns. The jewelry sold by them is warranted first-class and composed of the finest gold and silver. Of the brothers Isham we speak but the plain truth when we say they are honest, honorable and upright dealers, which fact we cheerfully bear testimony to from an acquaintance of over six years with them during their residence in the oil region. Those of our citizens having occasion to visit Titusville should by all means call in and examine the jewelry store of Isham & Co.—*Pet. Centre Record.*

We can endorse the above and more too if necessary.

M'LLE NILSSON will sing at the Meadville Opera House on Wednesday evening, April 12th. Those who desire to attend the concert can secure reserved seats by letter or telegraph to Mr. G. C. Porter, of Meadville.

SHAD, rockfish, whitefish, yellow pike and striped bass received daily at Fish Market, opposite Bush House. All fish dressed.

QUARTERLY MEETINGS.—The third round of quarterly meetings of the Methodist Episcopal church is announced as follows:

Sunville, April 9; Greenville, 9; Harmonsburg, 16; Conneautville, 16; Spring, 23; Meadville, 1st church, 28; State street, 30; Saegertown, 30; Evansburg, May 7; Salem, 14; New Lebanon, 24; Sheakleyville, 28; Rockville, 28; Townville, June 4; Franklin, 4; Reno, 11; Oil City, 11; Rouseville, 18.

THE auction sale of oil paintings is postponed till to-morrow (Thursday) at 2 and 7 o'clock p. m., but will be on exhibition and private sale to-day.

REAL ESTATE.—E. H. Chase has sold to N. A. Lanphear four lots on Mechanic Street; price $14,500.

On and after this date our store will be open in the evening as formerly.

FUNK, JACKSON & FULLER.

RADISHES, lettuce, onions, spinach and pie plant received daily at Shank's.

HOUSE and lot for sale at a bargain. See advertisement in another column.

OYSTERS received daily at Shank's. Warranted fresh and nice.

CHOICE sweet potatoes at Shank's, only ten cents per pound.

CHOICE Groceries, at Shank's, No. 8 Spring street.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

CRAWFORD COUNTY.

Please announce the name of B. O. Spaulding of Meadville, late a Sergeant of Company I, Tenth Pennsylvania Reserve Corps, as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the usages of the Republican party, at their primary meeting. Mr S. enlisted in 1861, and was credited to Crawford county, and served in the field and rebel prison until the close of the war.

VENANGO COUNTY.

EDITORS MORNING HERALD:—Please announce N. B. RIDDLE as a candidate for Treasurer, subject to the usages of the Republican party.

EDITOR HERALD—Please announce the name of JAMES P. RIDDLE, of Scrub Grass township, as a candidate for County Commissioner of Venango county, subject to usages of the Republican party.

EDITORS HERALD—Please announce the name of FID BISHOP, of Oil City, as a candidate for the office of County Treasurer, subject to the decision of the Republican Primary Election, and oblige MANY REPUBLICANS.

We are authorized to announce the name of C. S. Marks as a candidate for the office of Sheriff of Venango county, subject to the usages of the Republican party at the primary elections. m16-dtd

Arrivals at Parshall House.

APRIL 4th, 1871.

H W Faucett, Philadelphia.	T D McClelland, Erie.
C D Brown, Miller.	G Bingham, Pittsburgh.
J J Connell, City.	Jno M Artus, Meadville.
J R Dunn, Shamburg.	M W Porter, Pleasantville.
H Jennings, Norwalk.	J L Grandin, Tidioute.
Miss Crockett, Boston.	Miss G Crockett, Boston.
Miss Williams, Tidioute.	Jno H Rathbone, New York.
E B Grandin, Tidioute.	Mrs D H Mitchell, Pleasantville.
M T Benedict and wife, City.	D Dodge, Buffalo.
Geo Ball, City.	Mr Campbell and wife, Oil City.
W B Roberts and wife, New York.	J M Caney, Oil City.
T T Mapes, Oil City.	Andrew Cone and wife, Oil City.
Wm Bruner, Petroleum Centre.	H S Bates and wife, Tionesta.
E H Herpst and wife, Franklin.	Dr D Best, Meadville.
A D White, Meadville.	D M Zook, Oil City.
J C Colton, "	Miss Morrison, Oil City.
Miss Anna Hamilton, Oil City.	J P Zane, Rouseville.
G W Patterson, Shamburg.	C C Parish, Shamburg.
J W Jennie, Petroleum Centre.	J R Hatton and wife, Shamburg.
Mr Merrick, Petroleum Centre.	A A Alden and lady, Petroleum Centre.
C Kendall, "	Mrs Rogers, "
Mrs Mapes, Oil City.	C O Donnell, Kane City.
Mrs Perkins, "	E S Stewart, "
Jas Adams, Petroleum Centre.	J W Bohrn, New York.
Anna Dickinson.	O J Stevenson, Champaign, Ill.
R Hunt, New York.	Kate B Roberts.
Wm R Shaw, Troy, N Y	J R Campbell, Oil City.
E P Cenaut, Shamburg.	E F Briscoe, Shamburg.
H A Arnold, Sumburg.	J Doorman, Shaw Farm.
D C Buckers, "	E A Collins, Corry.
N Spencer, "	P G Irwin, Rouseville.
T Wood, Union, Pa.	S P Day and wife, Pithole.
H A Marlin, Oil City.	A R Marlin and wife, Oil City.
W Payne, Petroleum Centre.	P B Ketchum, Lockport.
C F Chamberlin and wife, Hydetown.	S Selden, Erie.
	N G Clark, Pleasantville.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

REMOVED.

E. H. CHASE & SON

Have removed their office to No. 1 Fletcher's Block, Franklin street. ap5-4t

HOUSE AND BARN TO RENT.

LARGE DWELLING HOUSE.

And Three-Story Barn, situate on southeast corner Spring and Martin streets. Will be rented separately or together. Also other desirable buildings.

FRED. BATES & CO.,
ap15-3w No. 9 Franklin street.

Organization Ball

OF THE

Titusville German Saengerbund Concordia,

Thursday Evening, April 13, '70,

AT CORINTHIAN HALL.

Tickets. - - - $2.00.

apr5-td CHAS J. MUELLER, President.

FOR SALE.

House and Lot on Perry Street.

Very desirable, price low, and payments but little above a moderate rent. Enquire immediately.

GEO. J. SHERMAN.

SUGAR PLANTATION.

A MAGNIFICENT SUGAR PLANTATION containing

5,000 ACRES OF LAND,

Two thousand acres of which are in a high state of cultivation, three thousand acres heavily timbered, a large and commodious Sugar House, a beautiful Dwelling House surrounded with flower gardens, a variety of evergreen shrubbery, fig, and sweet orange trees, situated in a high, very healthy and delightful part of the celebrated *sugar parish of Saint Mary, Louisiana*, and on the projected line of Morgan's Louisiana and Texas Railroad; also fronting on Bayou Teche, where vessels can be loaded at all seasons of the year from the Sugar House for New York, Boston, Philadelphia and other ports, is offered for sale at a bargain.

For terms and further particulars address

McCALL & McCULLOH,
ap5-1w 3½ Carondelet St., New Orleans, La.

FOR RENT.

A LARGE AND WELL FURNISHED FRONT ROOM over Express Office. ap5 2t

Oil Men Notice!

ANDREWS & CO.

New Gas Pump and Blower,

For Oil Wells.

The best and only reliable pump yet found. We have yet to find one person who has used our pump that is not satisfied with its workings.

It is a Piston Pump 10 in. bore, double acting, with 2 in. Brass Check Valves, packed with either Square Piston or Hemp Packing. It is unnecessary to speak of the benefits of a good Gas Pump to Oil Men. And of this one we would prefer to have those who have used them say what they are. We can refer to some of the parties who are now using them, and say they would have no other. Economite Oil Co., (have 10 in use;) Ralston & E[illegible] Co.; [illegible] Bros.; Neyhart & Co.; Stevens & Fisher; Cushing & Fisher; D. W. Clark; Merkle & Moore; Geo. H. Welton; Brooks & James; Tidioute & Warren Oil Co., and many others.

The operation of a Gas Pump is this: When a well is pumped for oil, the oil which naturally flows through the seams of the rock is all that is pumped out, but in this case the flow of gas is unreliable, so that it is almost useless as fuel. Add to this a gas pump, and you at once increase the flow of gas, by producing a vacuum inside the casing; this opens the seams in the rocks; the atmospheric pressure forces the paraffine which has closed these seams in the well. This not only increases the flow of gas, but also in many cases materially increases the flow of oil. In some cases the production of a well has been doubled in a few hours after the Gas Pump was put in operation.

We will send Pumps complete to any part of the Oil Region on receipt of price, $100 00.

ANDREWS & CO.,
apr5-1w P. O. Box 780, Tidioute, Pa.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DAY BOARDERS WANTED.

FOR PARTICULARS ENQUIRE AT

ANGIER BROTHERS,

One door east of Steam Bakery, Spring street. apr5-1w

SAFETY LAMPS.—The alarming frequency of disastrous fires and shocking deaths from the breaking and explosion of glass kerosene lamps, renders a really safe metal lamp very desirable. "PERKINS & HOUSE'S PATENT SAFETY METALLIC KEROSENE LAMP" claims to be perfectly safe from explosion or breaking. Light equal to gas, and no odor. Eminent scientific men, and thousands of families, including many of our readers, are delighted with it. Refer to over one hundred families using them in this city. H. M. HALL, General Agent, Spring st., over Beller's Dollar Store. Agents wanted.

MONEY DRAWER with Combination Safety Alarm Lock, $7. H. M. HALL, Agent.

ASBESTOS ROOFING.—Fire-proof, strong, flexible, unaffected by heat and cold, durable, cheap, adapted to steep or flat roofs, easily applied, took the First Premium at American Institute Fair, 1870, highly recommended by Horace Greeley, and all who have used it. Call and get sample and particulars of H. M. HALL, Agent.

PATENT ASBESTOS BOILER FELTING.—An indistructable covering for steam pipes, boilers, etc., superior to hair and wool felts and other coverings. For circulars and price apply to H. M. HALL, Agent.

FOR SALE CHEAP.—An elegant Black Walnut Furniture Set. Also forty yards of carpeting and a splendid desk. Enquire of H. M. HALL.

FOR SALE.

A GOOD TWO STORY HOUSE AND LOT 60x180 feet, for sale at a BARGAIN. Address box 17, Titusville, Pa. apr4-2t

ANCHOR LINE STEAMERS.

SAIL EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY, TO AND FROM NEW YORK AND GLASGOW.

Calling at Londonderry to land mails and passengers.

The steamers of this favorite line are built expressly for the Atlantic Passenger Trade, and fitted up in every respect with all the modern improvements calculated to insure the safety, comfort, and convenience of passengers.

Passenger Rates, payable in currency, to Glasgow, Liverpool and Londonderry:

FIRST CABIN, $65 AND $75, ACCORDING TO LOCATION. CABIN RETURN TICKETS, $130, securing best accommodations.

INTERMEDIATE, - - $33. | STEERAGE, - - $28.

Parties sending for their friends in the Old Country can purchase tickets at reduced rates. For further particulars apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 7 Bowling Green, N. Y., Or to C. C. DUFFIELD, Savings Bank, Titusville. apr5-d&wdm

GOOD BARGAINS

OFFERED IN

REAL ESTATE.

I have one of the finest pieces of BUSINESS PROPERTY for sale, suitable for any manufacturing business, and will sell it at a bargain. TWENTY-EIGHT RESIDENCES for sale in different parts of the city. Also, ONE LOT ON PERRY STREET. My Real Estate Agency was established in 1865, and is still recognized as headquarters for real estate transactions. This is OFFICIAL. [mh1-tf] GEO. J. SHERMAN.

ONE THOUSAND

Feet Front on Each Road.

SHIPPING AND RAILROAD LOTS, suitable for refineries and manufactories, lying between the Oil Creek and the Union railroads, with other land adjoining. For sale by

HENRY E. WHIGLEY,
feb14-3m Office over Postoffice.

FOUND,

A BLACK PUP!

Which the owner can have by proving property and paying charges. Call at 32 Spring street, opposite Parshall House. T. F.

A CARD.

Dr. Theodore J. Young has removed his residence to Walnut street, first house East of Presbyterian Church, where he will be found after 10 o'clock p. m. Office remains as before, No. 3 Broas' Block, Franklin street.

All professional calls with receive prompt attention. Titusville, Pa., April 1, 1871. apr1-6t

NOTICE.

I have this day sold my Hardware Interest in this place to Messrs. DAME, SMITH & CO., and heartily recommend them to my friends and patrons. F. W. AMES.

We shall continue the Hardware business, as Successors to Mr. F. W. Ames, at the old Stand on *Diamond* street, and hope to see, as often as possible, all old friends and patrons of the above well-known house.

DAME, SMITH & CO.,
mh22tf Successors to F. W. Ames.

C. A. DURFEY,

DEALER IN

New and Second Hand Engines and Boilers.

Also, agent for Erie City Iron Works, Erie, Pa. Office and Sales room corner Perry and Mechanic streets, Titusville, Pa. mch30-'71

NOTICE OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

Mr. J. A. Coutant having associated with him in the Real Estate business Mr. Wm. Webster, the well known Topographical Engineer of Rochester, N. Y., desires to give notice that the business hereafter will be conducted under the name and firm of Coutant & Webster, at their new and commodious offices in the Parshall Block, fronting on Spring street, next West of the entrance to the Opera House. Mr. Webster has been long and favorably known in connection with land improvements in different parts of the country, and has for the last year past been engaged in the laying out and beautifying the grounds of Jonathan Watson, Esq., in this city, and we desire to call the attention of parties about to build to the very valuable sites which we have for sale adjoining the elegant premises of Mr. Watson, the map of whose property may be seen at our office.

We also invite our citizens generally to call and examine the plan for the new cemetery, and we will afford them every information in regard to it, and we will always be ready to do our best for those wishing to buy or sell city property or oil lands.

apr1-3t COUTANT & WEBSTER.

OIL WELLS FOR SALE.

A NUMBER OF

PRODUCING WELLS CASED,

one of them in fee simple for two years, and all leases to run

FOR NINETY-NINE YEARS

Sufficient good territory to put down a dozen or more wells. Also

TWO DWELLING HOUSES

on said leases, together with everything complete for the working of the wells. Will be sold on liberal terms. For particulars inquire of

E. C. BRADLEY,
apr1-1w Rouseville.

MARSHAL'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of *venditioni exponas* issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Western District of Pennsylvania, and to me directed, I will expose to public sale, at Titusville, near Postoffice, on the 8th day of April, 1871, at 10 o'clock a. m., all the right, title, claim and interest of Bly & Felter of, in and to the following described property, to wit: Two barrels of sherry wine; one barrel of Malaga wine; one barrel of cherry brandy; two casks of gin; twenty-two barrels of whisky. Seized and condemned as the property of Bly & Felter, at the suit of the United States.

A. MURDOCH, Marshal.
apr3-3t Marshal's Office, Pittsburgh, Pa.

NOTICE.

The business heretofore conducted by W. C. Ide as agent of G. L. Hubbard, is by mutual consent transferred to W. C. Ide. All bills contracted after the 25th of February, 1871, to be settled by him.

G. L. HUBBARD.
Titusville, April 3d, 1871. apr3-3t

DISSOLUTION NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

M. BONN,
J. MOSS,
E. MOSS.

All accounts for or against the old firm should be presented to the undersigned for settlement, at the old stand. M. BONN.
Titusville, April 1, 1871. apr3-1w

REMOVAL!

The undersigned would respectfully announce to his friends and customers and the public generally that he has rented the store No. 35 West Spring street, lately occupied by Tinker & Co., as a

BOOT AND SHOE STORE,

to which he will remove on April 3d, and where he will henceforth be happy to receive his customers, assuring them that he has greatly enlarged his stock with the newest, nicest and best in the

BOOT AND SHOE LINE,

and he will sell at the very lowest prices. Grateful for the very generous patronage bestowed on him in the past, it will be his endeavor to merit and attain it also in the future.

ABRAHAM EINSTEIN.

Titusville, April 1st, 1871.

P. S. The best of custom-work, for which he has so well established a reputation, will also be done as heretofore.

NewspaperARCHIVE®

Titusville Morning Herald.

Miscellaneous.

This year's cotton crop is estimated at 4,000,000 bales.

The Walland Canal will be opened for business on the 6th of April.

Offenback, the composer, who is an exile from France, is to settle in London.

A bill has passed the New York Legislature regulating the licensing of drug clerks.

A child seven years old has been arrested in New York city for picking pockets.

"Herve Riel," Browning's latest poem, is the first one contributed by him to a periodical.

Forney has entered the lecture field, his subject being "The Centennial Fourth of July, 1876."

There are forty-nine citizens of Boston, who were born in Africa, according to the census report.

In Switzerland a law is proposed making it unlawful for any one under fourteen years of age to smoke tobocca.

Galignani's newspaper in Paris, after a temporary stoppage during the war, has resumed publication.

Maine had its severest snow storm of the season last Monday, the snow in some places being three feet deep.

The daughter of Owen Lovejoy, the noted Abolitionist, has been appointed postmaster of Princeton, Illinois.

Boston is at length to have a line of steamers to Liverpool, under the auspices of the Cunard Company.

The students of Princeton College have been dismissed, on account of a case of varioloid having occurred there.

The Government has issued seven cent postage stamps, that rate being required to prepay letters to Germany.

In stating how Eve told Adam to chastise his son, five scripture names are used: "Adam," Seth Eve, "Cain Abel."

"Ah, parson, I wish I could take my gold with me," said a dying deacon Swiss. "It might melt," was the consoling reply.

Mrs. Scott Siddons has so many engagements for readings that she will not probably appear on the stage again this season.

Mme. Mirandi, the famous fortune teller of Paris, last spring predicted to the Empress Eugenie the fall of her dynasty in September, 1870.

Alexandre Dumas states that two romances and mere outlines of three plays complete the entire list of his father's incomplete literary works.

A Christian Lady Becomes a Convert to Judaism.

From the Pittsburgh Gazette.

A most remarkable, and, we believe, singular sight, was witnessed at the Jewish Synagogue on Eighth street yesterday morning. At eleven o'clock the church was crowded to its utmost capacity exclusively, with two or three exceptions, by the members of that persuasion, who had assembled to witness the abjuration of the Christian and the adoption of the Jewish faith by a Mrs. Van Ulum, widow of a Hebrew gentleman of the same name, formerly a tobacco merchant of this city, who was drowned while on a fishing and hunting excursion in Ohio last. October. After some preliminary services the candidate was called up, and took a stand in front of the pulpit, when Rabbi Meyers, the officiating clergyman, propounded certain interrogatories, the purport of which was to know if the step she was about to take was her own voluntary act, and whether any undue influences had been brought to bear in the matter. These questions being answered satisfactorily, she was requested to take a position on a raised platform immediately in the rear of the pulpit, where the concluding ceremony was performed. This consisted in the Rabbi's elevating his hands and invoking the divine blessing on the head of the convert, after which the congregation was dismissed.

Mrs. Van Ulum, who we were inform d had been brought up in the Roman Catholic faith, is a bright, intelligent and prepossessing looking woman of twenty-eight or thirty years of age, dressed in deep mourning, and seemed to be deeply impressed with the magnitude and solemnity of the responsibility she was taking upon herself. An impression prevailed that her action was in obedience to a request from her late husband, but this she stated to be incorrect, proselyting being contrary to the habits, and we believe to the tenets of members of his faith, and that the only religious request he had ever made was that their children, of whom there were two, might receive the right of circumcision and be educated in the faith of their fathers.

DAY BOARDERS CAN BE Accommodated by applying at No. 62 West Spring street, over Clark's store. mch18-dlm.

JOEL N. ANGIER, Notary Public, will attend to the drawing of Contracts, Leases, Deeds, Letters of Attorney; drawing and taking of Affidavits and Acknowledgments of Deeds and other matters of record, good in any State of the Union, at the old Brewer and Watson office, Pine street. mh23tf

BOOTH & SARGENT.

New Music Store,

OPERA HOUSE BLOCK,

TITUVILLE, PA.

We are now receiving a large stock of Musical Merchandise, consisting of

Pianos, Organs and Melodeons,

And a full line of SMALL INSTRUMENTS, SHEET MUSIC, and INSTRUCTION BOOKS, STOOLS, SPREADS, Etc., Etc

Steinway & Sons, Bradbury, Chickering & Sons, Knabe & Co.

and fill all orders of other manufacturers if desired, at the lowest rates. We have the celebrated

SMITH PARLOR ORGAN,

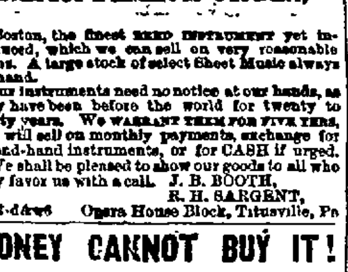
of Boston, the finest REED INSTRUMENT yet introduced, which we can sell on very reasonable terms. A large stock of select Sheet Music always on hand.

Our instruments need no notice at our hands, as they have been before the world for twenty to thirty years. We WARRANT THEM FOR FIVE YEARS, and will sell on monthly payments, exchange for second-hand instruments, or for CASH if urged.

We shall be pleased to show our goods to all who may favor us with a call. J. B. BOOTH, R. H. SARGENT, dec2-d&w6 Opera House Block, Titusville, Pa

MONEY CANNOT BUY IT!

For Sight is Priceless!



THE DIAMOND GLASSES,

MANUFACTURED BY

J. E. SPENCER & CO., N. Y.,

WHICH ARE NOW OFFERED TO

the public, are pronounced by all the celebrated Opticians of the world to be the Most Perfect, Natural, Artificial help to the human eye ever known. They are ground under their own supervision from minute Crystal Pebbles, melted together, and derive their name "Diamond" on account of their hardness and brilliancy. The Scientific Principle on which they are constructed brings the core or center of the lens directly in front of the eye, producing a clear and distinct vision, as in the natural, healthy sight, and preventing all unpleasant sensations, such as glimmering and wavering of sight, dizziness, etc., peculiar to all others in use. They are Mounted in the Finest Manner, in frames of the best quality, of all materials used for that purpose. Their Finish and Durability cannot be surpassed.

CAUTION.—None genuine unless bearing their trade mark stamped on every frame.

C. W. MEAD, Jeweler and Optician,

Is the sole agent for Titusville, Pa., from whom they can only be obtained. These goods are not supplied to peddlers at any price.

"FEATHERS"

ALL GRADES

IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT

Families & Dealers,

QUALITY WARRANTED.

F. C. CRAIGHEAD,

jan25-dew3m Pittsburgh, Pa.

PHOTOGRAPHY.

PICTURES

FOR THE

HOLIDAYS!

...AT...

MATHER'S

PHOTOGRAPH

ROOMS,

CHASE & STEWART BLOCK.

The Largest and Most Complete Rooms west of N. Y. City.

ALL KINDS, ALL SIZES,

Plain and Colored,

IN WATER,

Pastel, Oil or Ink.

LARGEST STOCK OF

FRAMES

IN THE OIL REGION.

MATHER having made VIEWS for the past ten years, can fill all orders for Stereoscopic, medium size and large, of any points in the Oil Region. dei tf JOHN A. MATHER.

J. C. GOETCHIUS,

PHOTOGRAPHIC

ARTIST,

Commercial Block,

S. E. COR. FRANKLIN AND SPRING

TITUSVILLE, PA.

The largest and most complete rooms in the city. All the modern classes of pictures, from the smallest to life size, either plain or colored in oil, India ink, pastel or water colors, and in the highest style of the art. A specialty made in copying and enlarging by a solar camera. Views made to order. Large, and stereoscopic oil views made for wholesale and retail trade. Stereoscopic views of the Holy Land in sets, THE BEST. A varied assortment of

FRAMES.

Oval square and fancy patterns. A full line of MOULDINGS made up to order. All work first-class. Prices the lowest. oc24 dawtf J. C. GOETCHIUS.

DRY GOODS.

Great Reduction

OF

PRICES

AT HARRIS'.

AS WE DESIRE TO MAKE ROOM FOR OUR

New Spring Stock

WE HAVE GREATLY

Reduced our Prices,

AND IN ADDITION WE OFFER AN

Especial Inducement

TO OUR PATRONS

March 1st to April 1st, 1871.

ON ALL CASH PURCHASES

OF

Five Dollars or Over

A DISCOUNT OF

FIVE PER CENT.

WILL BE ALLOWED.

REMEMBER THE OLD

RELIABLE HOUSE

D. HARRIS & BRO.,

41 Spring Street, Titusville, Pa.

H. HILL

Is on the ice question again this season, and succeeded in putting up

Seven Hundred Tons of Ice

Not figures, but ice, and intends not to be undersold. Spring ice will be sold from three-fourths to one cent per pound; Creek ice from forty to fifty cents per one hundred pounds. Parties wishing ice by the ton will be supplied at liberal rates. I will deliver ice now at any time that parties desire it. All persons commencing with me the first of the season will be carried through if there is any ice to be had this side of Buffalo. As this is supposed to be a free country, I have taken this method to inform the public that I have the ice. It is now for them to select the man to furnish them. This thing of drumming and harassing a man at every point and corner to take ice is an insult to a free man and an outrage to humanity. Office first door east of L. P. Scoville's grocery store, and west of the Catholic Church on Spring street.

Orders for ice left at H. A. Hill's boot and shoe store, opposite the American Hotel, will be promptly attended to, if written on the slate furnished there. mch10-tf

OIL CITY & JAMESTOWN R. R.

AUGUST 8, 1870.

WESTWARD:	Oil City.	Franklin.	Jamestown.
Mail	9.00 A. M.	9.23 A. M.	11.10 A. M.
Mixed	2.10 P. M.	2.55 P. M.	5.45 P. M.
Accom	4.00 P. M.	4.30 P. M.	....
EASTWARD:	Jamestown.	Franklin.	Oil City.
Franklin	....	8.00 A. M.	8.30 A. M.
Mixed	6.50 A. M.	11.30 A. M.	12.10 P. M.
Mail	1.00 P. M.	3.05 P. M.	3.30 P. M.

CHARLES F. HATCH, Gen. Supt.
Geo. H. McIntyre, Supt. auall

TO OIL OPERATORS.

OIL STORAGE.

OFFICE OF THE ALLEGHENY TRANSPORTATION Co., TITUSVILLE, AUGUST 12, 1869.

The following resolution was passed at a meeting of the Board of Directors of this company this date:

That on and after this date

NO CHARGE FOR STORAGE OF OILS shall be made, the tanks of the Company being used for the accommodation of

THEIR PATRONS FREE OF CHARGE.

Also all oils now, or that may be hereafter held in tanks of the Company, shall be at the OWNER'S RISK for any loss that may arise by fire, leakage, evaporation, or breakage of tank. 19octly W. H. ABBOTT, Sec'y.

H. W. FAUCETT,

Factor and Shipper of Crude and Refined Petroleum,

4Jany70 Titusville, Pa.

Clark & Steele

PURCHASE CRUDE AND REFINED OIL ON COMMISSION.

Agents for

NIAGARA STEAM PUMPS.

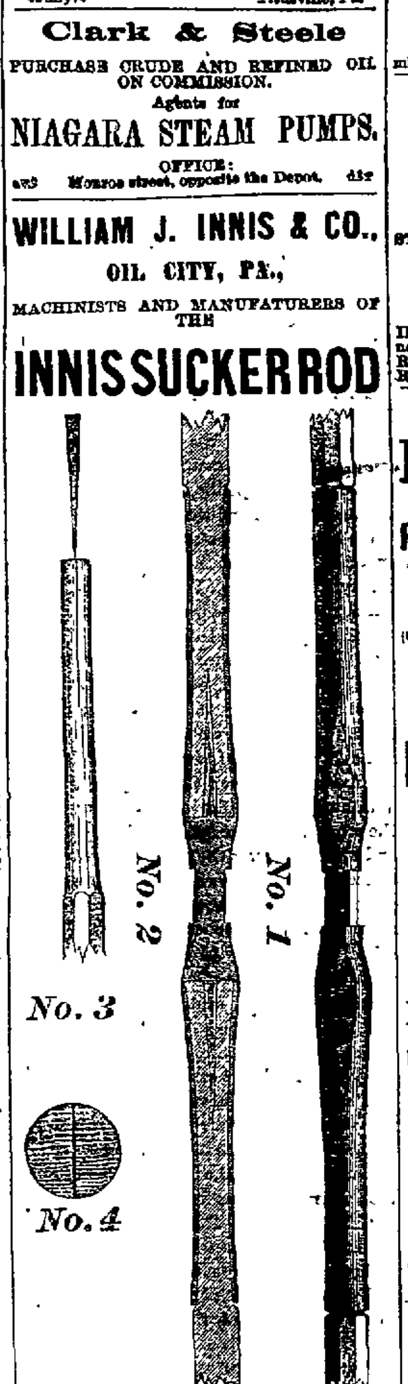
OFFICE: Monroe street, opposite the Depot.

WILLIAM J. INNIS & CO.,

OIL CITY, PA.,

MACHINISTS AND MANUFATURERS OF THE

INNIS SUCKER ROD



SUCKER-ROD JOINTS.

Explanation of Cuts.

No. 1—. represents the Joint complete. No. 2—A longitudinal sectional view of a full Joint, showing the position of the wood in the socket when wedged, a glance at which must convince the most skeptical of the superiority of this Joint over any other. No. 3—A view of the end of the Rod, when turned ready for the Socket to be driven on, with the slot for the wedge and the wedge about being entered. No. 4—Represents the end of the wood, and shows the proper way to saw the slot (across the grain) into which the wedge is to be driven.

The above description and accompanying cuts, will enable any skilled person to make connection at the wells in a much shorter time than can be done with any other Rod, all the tools required being a small fine saw, one of our hollow augers and a few of our wedges. The wedges can be procured at any hardware store, gratis.

Wm. J. Innis & Co.,

Have recently added to their machinery the largest LATHE and the largest PLANING MACHINE in the Oil Region, and are now prepared to manufacture

DRILLING TOOLS,

Walking Beam

....AND....

Band-Wheel Irons.

REPAIR

STEAM ENGINES,

AND DO

General Blacksmithing and Machine Work.

Wm. J. Innis & Co.

Are also Dealers in

Tubing and Casing, New Bedford Cables, Working Barrels, SAND PUMPS, VALVES,

And everything in the line of Oil Well Supplies.

HEAD OF SENECA STREET,

del5 OIL CITY. tf

TAKE NOTICE.

FIBBS & BRO., two doors west of American Hotel, have now in their New Store a fine stock of all kinds of

Wines, Liquors, Gin, and Brandies,

And all kinds of BOTTLED WINES AND CHAMPAGNE.

Pure Liquors and Wines for Medical Purposes.

We will sell a good article at Prices to give perfect satisfaction.

spl3 tf FIBBS & BRO.

McMULLEN'S

DRUG STORE

PLEASANTVILLE, PA.,

(Opposite Brown's)

HAS NOW A FULL ASSORTMENT OF

DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES

AND CHEMICALS.

The best French, English and American

PERFUMERY.

Pure Wines, Liquors and Alcohol, Brushes, Toilet Articles, Diaries, Pocket Books, Cutlery, Dye Stuffs, Lamps, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Glass, Putty, Doors, Sash and Wall Paper, Cigars, Tobacco, &c., &c.

N. B.—Physicians Prescriptions carefully compounded.

feb3-d3m DR. A. K. McMULLEN.

Plumbing, Gas and Steam Fitting,

TITUSVILLE, PA.

PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN to the introduction of Water, Gas and Steam Pipes into Hotels, Stores, and Dwelling Houses. Also, the fitting up of Water Tanks, Copper and Galvanized Iron Heaters, Steam Radiators, Water Closets, Wash Stands, Bath Tubs, etc., by experienced workmen, and on reasonable terms.

FOR SALE—Steam-pressed Vitrified Terra Cotta Pipe, the cheapest and best conduit for water, drain, and sewer purposes. Mintons Plain and Encaustic Flooring Tiles. Orders from the country and adjacent towns will be promptly attended to. G. L. HUBBARD,

Office on Franklin street, opposite Bross' Block. apl0 6m

HARDWARE.

Every Carpenter

Knows

THAT "HENRY DISSTON"

Makes the BEST SAWS in the world

WE SELL THEM.

DAME, SMITH & CO.,

mh22tf Successors to F. W. AMES

CLARK BROWN,

82 WEST SPRING ST.,

Titusville, Pa.

STOVES, HARDWARE, TINWARE, CROCKERY, LAMPS AND GLASSWARE, GROCERIES, AND PROVISIONS, FLOUR, FEED, LIME, CALCINED PLASTER, &c. &c.,

SMOKE STACKS, and all kinds of SHEET IRON and TINWARE made to order on short notice by the Best Workmen, and at LOWER RATES than can be found elsewhere in the Oil Regions. 20aug.

NEW

Hardware Store!

PORTER, WICKHAM & CO.,

Franklin street,

(CORNNER PINE) TITUSVILLE, PA.,

Have just opened a large

Wholesale and Retail

HARDWARE

STORE,

Consisting of

SHELF

....AND....

Heavy Hardware.

Hoop and Bar Iron, Steel, Nails, Springs, Axles, Cutlery House-Furnishing Goods, Builders' Hardware, Mechanics' Tools, Blacksmiths' Tools, Carriage Hardware, Thimble Skeins and Boxes, Woodwork for Wagons, Oils, Paints, and Putty, New Bedford Cables, Jarecki & Co's Brass Goods Steam Fittings, Cast Iron and Brass Working Barrels, Hair Felt, for Steam Pipes and Boilers, And a fine variety of Oil Well Stock. no3 tf

STEREOSCOPES

Views,

Albums,

Chromos,

Frames.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,

591 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,

Invite the attention of the Trade to their extensive assortment of the above goods, of their own publication, manufacture and importation. Also, PHOTO LANTERN SLIDES and GRAPHOSCOPES, NEW VIEWS OF YOSEMITE.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO, 591 Broadway, New York, Opposite Metropolitan Hotel,

Importers and Manufacturers of

Photographic Materials!

mch9-d2m.w6m

TITUSVILLE CITY MILLS.

South Franklin St.

With greatly increased facilities, and a new run of stone for the manufacture of a superior grade of

Family Flour,

We invite the attention and custom of the public.

We shall be able to promptly supply any article in our line of an

EXTRA FINE QUALITY,

And offer for inspection the following Price List

FLOUR—Star (white wheat) per bbl	....	$8 00
" Excelsior, (amber wheat)	....	7 00
" American, (spring wheat)	....	6 00
" Graham, (white wheat)	....	7 00
" " (amber wheat)	....	6 00
" Rye	....	6 00
" Buckwheat, per pound	....	04
CORN AND OATS CHOP, per 100	....	1 90
CORN MEAL, per 100	....	2 00
BRAN, per 100	....	1 50

Liberal Discount to the Trade.

Goods delivered in any part of the city free of charge. JOHN EASON & CO., Post Office Box 174, Proprietor. an21-d &wtf

STONE! STONE! STONE!

Two thousand (2,000) perch for sale, delivered in any part of the city.

REID & LAPRAIK, Masons and Stone Cutters.

P. O. Box 242. mch30-2m.

THE TITUS ESTATE PETROLEUM COMPANY offer the balance of their property in this city at reasonable prices TO EARLY PURCHASERS.

All Lots 60x180 Feet.

TWENTY LOTS on Spruce Street. The Street has been opened and fenced and these lots are being cleared at the expense of the Company.

THREE LOTS on Walnut street.

SIX LOTS on south side of Elm street, west of Second street. FOUR CHOICE LOTS on the north side of Elm street, on the first bench or bluff overlooking the town. FIFTY-TWO LOTS on the hill at very low rates to first buyers. The estimation in which this location is held can be best judged by the fact that up to this date TWO HUNDRED AND THIRTY-TWO LOTS HAVE BEEN SOLD. Purchasers will do well to remember that nearly all the available building sites of the city are now out of first hands.

HENRY E. WRIGLEY, feb24 3m Office over the Post Office.

E. K. THOMPSON

Wholesale and Retail Druggist

and CHEMIST, Nos. 12 Diamond and 27 Spring Sts., five doors below Postoffice. Titusville, Pa.

GO TO

M. B. McManus' New Shop

FOR YOUR BULL AND BAND WHEELS. He is now running with full force, East Mechanic street, Titusville Pa. mch1-dtf

GROCERIES, &c.

COLLINS, PORTER & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS

No. 12 North Franklin st.,

Odd Fellows Block

ENTIRELY

NEW STOCK!

THE LARGEST AND FINEST

GROCERY HOUSE

....IN....

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA.

S. B COLLINS, G. W. PORTER, E. B. PRESCOTT. oct tf

GO TO FIBBS'S NEW GROCERY,

Two Doors West of the American Hotel,

FOR CHOICE FRESH

BUTTER,

Received daily, and always on hand, Fresh Crock and Roll Butter, and Tubs. Also

FRESH EGGS,

From the country. Having contracts with the Farmers, we get our Butter and Eggs fresh every day. Also a fine stock of

Family Groceries.

spl3 tf FIBBS & BRO.

FURNITURE.

RUSS & DAVIDSON,

Dealers in

Furniture, Carpets, Oil Cloths,

Cocoa Mattings, White & Check Mattings,

ALL WIDTHS.

Parlor, Chamber and Dining Room Sets.

Undertaking promptly attended to by a practical Undertaker. Metallic Caskets, Cases and Coffins, of all sizes, constantly on hand. A Splendid Hearse for funeral attendance.

Two Doors from the Opera House, East Spring street, Titusville, Pa. mh24tf

NEW CABINETWARE

AND

Upholstery Store!

No. 28 Diamond Street,

Second door west of Crittenden-House,

Titusville, - - Pa.

Branch of

GEO. J. HENKELS'

Celebrated Furniture House,

OF PHILADELPHIA.

All the goods will be equal in every respect to those manufactured in Philadelphia. We intend to sell, delivered in Titusville, at

PHILADELPHIA PRICES,

thus SAVING BOXING AND TRANSPORTATION to purchasers.

GEORGE J. HENKELS. JOSEPH R. CUSHING.

PHILADELPHIA, N. W. corner 13th and Chestnut Street.	TITUSVILLE, No. 28 Diamond Street, second door West of Crittenden House.

REFERENCES:

Titusville—C. P. Hatch, Geo. K. Anderson, J. T. Briggs, A. R. Ralston.
Tidioute—J. L. Grandin.
Oil City—Fisher Bros.
Meadville—G. B. Delamater.
Franklin—Hon. C. W. Gilfillan, Hon. Thos. Hoge, S. P. McCalmont, Esq.
Pleasantville—Saml. Q. Brown.
Warren—D. V. Stranahan. 11dectf

S. J. MYERS

Would call the attention of his patrons to the fact that he is prepared to give them special bargains in

Furniture!

Consisting of all kinds of

CHAMBER AND PARLOR

FURNITURE!

Bedsteads, Bureaus, Tables, &c.

Call and Examine.

oct8 tf S. J. MYERS.

BRICK! BRICK!

Notice to Contractors and Builders

We are now prepared to contract brick for the ensuing year in quantities from 1,000 to 1,000,000. Parties who contemplate building will do well to call on us before purchasing elsewhere. Satisfaction guaranteed as to quality. New stock to be ready for market on or before the 20th of May. Office in Crosby's Block, opposite depot.

feb18-tf F. STANFORD & BRO., Corry, Pa.

The Best and Choicest

Smoking Tobacco

IS MANUFACTURED AT

Factory No. 1,

Third District of Maryland.

See that Every Package you buy bears that inscription.

feb8-d&wly

HOPE MUTUAL

Life Insurance Co.,

187 Broadway, New York.

J. N. Pew, General Agent,

Odd Fellows' Block, Titusville, Pa. mch8-d2taw-ly

CLOTHING--DRY GOODS.

R. T. HAZZARD,

DRY GOODS,

CARPETS,

FURS

....AND....

CLOAKS

I HAVE ADDED

Dress and Cloak

MAKING,

UNDER THE SUPERVISION OF

MRS. COLE,

Late of Lord & Taylor, N. Y.

NO. 9 SPRING ST.

DAVIS TANK SHOP

—AND—

PLANING MILL!

MANUFACTURES

DOORS, SASH,

BLINDS,

DOOR & WINDOW FRAMES

FLOORING AND SIDING.

MOULDINGS,

Of every style. Circular mouldings any diameter, from seven feet and under.

BRACKETS FOR COUNTERS,

CORNICES, &c.

TURNING DONE TO ORDER

Black Walnut Lumber on Hand.

Oil Tanks.

I still continue the manufacture of

Wooden Oil Tanks,

INCLUDING

Storage Tanks

FOR OIL WELLS,

Tanks for Refineries,

AND

Car Transportation Tanks.

Make the Best and Sell the Cheapest is my aim.

JAMES H. DAVIS. Postoffice box 168.

1oct69.

Oil Lands, Oil Wells, Interests in Oil Wells and Farms; Houses and lots in the city of Titusville for sale. All the latest Maps of the Oil Region kept in the office of **Geo. S. Sherman, No. 3** Fletcher Block, for the benefit of parties desiring information.

Mrs. H. Keene's

DRESS & CLOAK MAKING ROOMS,

No. 60 Spring Street, over Georgi & Brown's Music store.

Ladies will find new styles for all kinds of garments, and can have them made up in the best and most stylish manner and warranted to fit perfectly and easily. Silk gimps, fringes, laces, plushes, velvets, tassels, loops, and patterns for sale.

Taylor's system for fitting dresses, basques, etc., taught. Taylor's guage for cutting bias pieces for sale, at No. 60, Spring street, Titusville, Pa. oct12 tf

EAGLE IRON WORKS,

BUFFALO.

Attention is called to their

Engines and Boilers, Hoisting Machines, Iron Columns for Buildings Turbine Wheels, etc.

E. W. TEMPLE, Agent, Kingsland Block.

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE!

CAPITAL, $50,000,000!

FIRE!

Risks Taken and Policies Issued

this Office, in the
Ætna, of Hartford,
Home, of New York,
North America, of Phila.,
Franklin, of Phila.,
Hanover, of New York,
International, do.,
Wyoming, Wilksbarre, Pa.
Norwich, Norwich, Conn.,
National, of Boston,
Royal, of Liverpool,
Cleveland, of Cleveland,
Pacific, of San Francisco.
Security, of New York.
Alps, Erie, Pa.
Andes, Cincinnati, O.

Oil in Store and in Transit

Taken at Equitable Rates

Merchandise Risks

At Rates of the National Board.

First Class Dwellings

As Low as any other Sound Companies.

F. Bates & Co., Agts.

No. 9 Franklin Street.

FRED BATES. SIMON B. TIPPT. 1dectf

ALPS

INSURANCE CO.,

Of Erie, Pa.

F. BATES & CO.,

AGENTS,

No. 9 North Franklin street,

TITUSVILLE PA.

Cash Capital Paid Up, $250,000
Authorized Capital.... $500,000

OFFICERS.

HON. O. NOBLE.................... President
HON. JOHN P. VINCENT.......Vice President
H. W. NOBLE........................Treasurer
M. RUSH WARNER..................Secretary

DIRECTORS.

Hon. O. Noble, Hon. Selden Marvin, Hon. John P. Vincent, Wm. B. Sterrett, F. H. Gibbs, John W. Hammond, John Fertig, Hiram Daggett, G. T. Churchill, Hon. G. B. Delamater, Henry Rawle, Jas B Neill, C. M. Reed, Jr., Capt. J. S. Richards, Richard O'Brien, H. S. Southard, Capt. D. P. Dobbins, M. Hartleb, C. Englehart, H. W. Noble and N. J. Clark.

Insurance to be good for anything, must cost something, and he who tries to buy it for less than cost, tampers with the strength of the very instrument he is purchasing. Give us then fair rates and we will give you good insurance—Insurance that Means Indemnity.

Policies issued on all kinds of Merchandise, Stores, Dwelling Houses, Barns and their contents, and all other insurable property, including PETROLEUM. All policies cover loss or damage by lightning whether fire occurs or not.

ja23 M. RUSH WARNER, Secreta

Window Hangings

LACE SHADES.

HOLLAND SHADES.

PAINTED SHADES.

In all the Newest Tints.

Cretonne Chintz Curtains.

Lace Curtains.

Lace Lambriques.

Rich Flowing Curtains,

In Plain Satins, Satin Damask, Brocatelles, Figured Silk Cotelines, Plain and Figured Terrys,

With Furniture Coverings to Match

I. E. WALRAVEN

MASONIC HALL,

719 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Orders left with J. R. CUSHING, at Henkels' Furniture Store, Titusville, will receive prompt attention. feb18-d3m

MONONGAHELA FOUNDRY

AND

MACHINE WORKS.

ANDERSON & FREYVOGEL,

Successors to S. S. Fowler,

Iron Founders & Mill Furnishers,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Grist, Saw Mill and White Lead Machinery; French Burr, Cocalico & Esop's Mill Stones (De Four & Co.); German Anchor Brands, Bolting Cloths; Water Wheels, Smut Machines, Rolling Mill and other Machinery, Pulleys, Hangers and Shafting.

No. 39 Water St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

feb3-eod3m

J. H. BOWMAN. RICHARD LINN.

THE PETROLEUM MONTHLY,

devoted exclusively to the interest of

THE OIL BUSINESS!

You cannot afford to be without it.

THREE DOLLARS PER ANNUM.

SUBSCRIBE AT ONCE!

Address J. H. BOWMAN, mch30-tf. Oil City, Pa.

MAYER & OTTNAT,

BAKERY & CONFECTIONERY

LADIES' AND GENTS'

RESTAURANT

AND

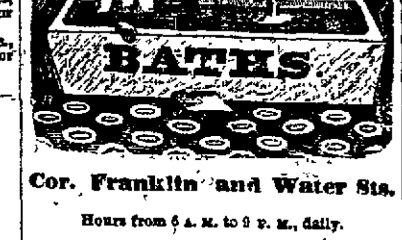
Ice Cream Rooms,

No. 9 Diamond Street,

mch14 Opposite Postoffice.

TITUSVILLE BATH HOUSE.

HOT AND COLD



Cor. Franklin and Water Sts.

Hours from 6 A. M. to 9 P. M., daily.

sept29tf. R. RALPH.

CITY LAUNDRY,

KINGSLAND'S BLOCK, corner Franklin and Pine street, Titusville, Pa. Any article of wearing apparel washed and done up on the shortest notice. Charges moderate and satisfaction guaranteed.

oc19 G. B. WILLIAMS, Superintendent.

COAL AND LUMBER.

LUMBER & COAL

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

All Kinds Lumber

BILLS SAWED TO ORDER.

Blossburg, Bituminous.

ANTHRACITE COAL.

Lime, Cement, Plaster, Brick, Marble Dust.

Hale's Old Stand.

A. J. FOX.

1dectf

COAL! COAL!

F. W. Abbott & Co.,

SUCCESSORS TO

W. H. ABBOTT.

Dealers in all kinds of COAL, at the old stand,

West End of Pine Street.

P. O. address, Box 1212, Titusville, Pa. 17febtf

Chapin & Lardner

DEALERS IN

ANTHRACITE

—AND—

Bituminous Coal.

OFFICE—Opposite Depot. 5dec-tf

HYDETOWN MILLS.

Charles Hyde,

Manufacturer and dealer in all kinds of Lumber, Lath, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Pickets, Mouldings, Dressed Siding, &c. Orders left at Second National Bank will be promptly filled. 1octtf

STEAM ENGINES.

WOOD & MANN

STEAM ENGINE COMPANY,

Utica, N. Y.

Boilers & Engines,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION MANUFACTURED FROM

The Best Material,

AND WITH

All the Latest Improvements,

CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Branch Office, No. 9, Spring St.

WAREROOM

Cor. Perry & Mechanic Sts.

Titusville, Pa.

jan10tf J. T. BRIGGS,

$150 a Month.

We desire to make arrangements with a few energetic and reliable men to act as agents for the sale of

The American Button-hole, Overseaming and Sewing Machine,

In the counties of Crawford, Venango, Erie, Warren, Elk, Forest, Jefferson, McKean, and Potter, in the State of Pennsylvania.

Desiring to extend our business throughout the counties above named, (which is our exclusive territory for the sale of this machine,) we are prepared to deal very liberally with men of the right stamp to act as our agents.

We have, without question, the BEST SELLING as well as the MOST POPULAR Sewing Machine now before the public.

Our agents are making from

$150 TO $200 PER MONTH.

Address, HALL & BOSLEY, General Agents, mar9-w1m Titusville, Pa.

GOOD TEMPLAR HALL,

SHAMBURG, PA.

Just opened, and well fitted up, can be rented on very reasonable terms for concerts, lectures &c. Apply at the office of the ALLEGHENY TRANSPORTATION CO., n15-1aw-tf Shamburg, Pa.

SELLING OFF

AT COST!

AT THE

Umbrella Store!

NO. 27 DIAMOND STREET,

To Close Out the Business.

All umbrellas that have been left for repairing must be called for before March 20th, or they will be sold to pay expenses. march4

BARBER SHOP.

A Barber Shop has been reopened at R. Ralph's

BATH HOUSE,

Water Street. FREDRICK ZEUGNER, jan26-tf Proprietor

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF

PRINTING

Neatly executed at the MORNING HERALD PRINTING HOUSE. Apply in the Job Rooms, or at the Counting-Room of the Herald Office, in the rear of the Post Office.

Brown's Livery,

BOARDING AND SALE STABLES,

Spring Alley, Opposite American Hotel.

GOOD HORSES, CARRIAGES AND EQUIPMENTS Of Every Discription.

I would respectfully invite public attention to my Livery Establishment, with the assurance that I can meet every demand for first-class turn outs. I have also

An Omnibus,

Which runs to and from the Hotels connecting with all passenger trains, and will call at private residences when desired. I have also

A Hearse,

And will attend to funerals on reasonable terms. R. C. BROWN, Spring Alley, Between Washington and Franklin streets, Titusville, Penn'a.

RAILROADS.

OIL CREEK & ALLEGHENY R R

SOUTHWARD TRAINS.

STATIONS:	1st Class. 4	2	6	2d Class. 10	14	20
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.
CORRY	6:10	11:05	6:15	.....	7:40	1:55
Spartansburg	6:38	11:42	6:46	.....	8.45	....
Glynden	.....	11:56	7:00	.....	9.14	....
Centreville	.....	12:07	7:10	....	9:34	....
Tryonville	*7:08	12:16	7:19	.....	10 00	....
Hydetown	7:22	12:30	7:34	.....	10.35	....
TITUSVLLE AR	7:30	12:40	7.42	A. M.	10:55	4:25
DE	7:35	12.45	7.52	6.00	11·14	4.35
Miller Farm	7:55	1.04	8.10	6.35	11.50	5:10
Shaffer	8.01	1.09	....	6.50	11.59	....
Pioneer	8 09	1:18	8:26	7.10	12 15	....
PET CENTRE AR	8:15	1:25	8.37	7 40	12.20	5:45
DE	8.19	1:27	8.42	8 00	12.40	6.00
Columbia	8:25	1:34	*8.45	8.10	12.52	6 12
Tarr Farm	8.29	1:37	8:52	8 20	1:02	6 19
Rynd Farm	*8.35	*1:43	*8:59	8 35	1:15	6:33
Rouseville	8.41	1:48	9.04	8 55	1.35	....
McClintock	*8:44	1:52	9:07	9 00	1.40	....
OIL CITY AR	8.57	2:05	9.20	9.15	2:0.	7:00
DE	9·03	2:10	.....	10·16	2:45	....
Oleopolis	9.21	2:45	.....	11.15	3.57	....
Eagle Rock	9:41	2:55	.....	11 30	.....	....
President	9.45	2:59	.....	11:37	.....	....
Tionesta	10.07	3:20	.....	12 25	5.10	....
Hickory	10.28	3:39	.....	1:15	.....	....
Trunkeyville	10:37	3:49	.....	1 50	6.11	....
TIDIOUTE	10.56	4 06	.....	2 35	6.45	....
Irvineton	11:40	4.50	.....	3 50	8 00	....

ADDITIONAL SECOND CLASS TRAINS—SOUTH.

No. 16 leaves Titusville at 10.35 a. m., Miller, 11:10; Pioneer, 11:35; Pet. Centre, 12 15, p. m., Columbia, 12:30 p. m.; Tarr Farm, 12.45; Rouseville, 1.10; arrives at Oil City 1:35, p. m.

No. 8 leaves Corry at 6.10 a m.; Titusville, 8 30; Miller Farm, 8:58; Pioneer, 9.05, Pet. Centre, 9:40; Columbia, 9:56; Tarr Farm, 10 00; Rynd Farm, 10.07; Rouseville, 10:13, arrives at Oil City 10.32 a. m.

No. 12 leaves Corry at 11:15 a. m., and arrives at Titusville at 1.30 p. m.

No. 18 leaves Pet. Centre at 4:40 p. m.; Columbia, 4:55, Tarr Farm, *5.10; Rouseville, 5 3.; arrives at Oil City, 6.00 p. m.

No. 20 leaves Corry at 1:55 p. m.; Titusville, 4:35; Miller Farm, 5.10; Pet. Centre, 6.00, Columbia, 6.12; Tarr Farm, 6.19; Rynd Farm, 6 3., Oil City, 7:00 p. m.

No. 22 leaves Oil City at 6:45 a. m.; Oleopolis, 7:40; Tionesta, 8:50, Trunkeyville, 9.50. arrives at Tidioute, 10.45 a. m.

NORTHWARD TRAINS

STATIONS:	1st Class. 5	3	1	2d Class. 13	9	1[illegible]
	.....	P. M.	P. M	A. M.	A. M.	...
IRVINETON	.....	12·01	5:10	5.20	7:35	..
TIDIOUTE	.....	12 47	5:55	6:45	9 15	...
Trunkeyville	.....	1,04	6:11	7.22	9.50	...
Hickory	.....	1:15	*6.21	*7:35	10.25	....
Tionesta	.....	1.34	6.41	8;15	11·30	....
President	.....	*1.57	*7:03	*8.52	12.25	....
Eagle Rock	.....	2:01	*7.07	8.55	12.35	....
Oleopolis	.....	2:11	7:17	9:31	1.11	....
OIL CITY AR	A. M	2.45	7:45	10.16	2:05	A. M.
DE	7:00	2:55	7:50	11:15	3.10	9.15
McClintock	7:12	*3:09	*8:02	11:30	3:23	9 32
Rouseville	7.15	3:12	8.06	11:45	3:30	9.37
Rynd Farm	*7.20	*3:18	*8:11	12.01	3.45	9,43
Tarr Farm	7:26	3:24	8.17	12:15	4.00	9 51
Columbia	*7.30	3:28	8:21	12:30	4:10	9.56
PET. CENRE AR	7.37	3:35	8.27	12.40	4:25	10.05
DE	7.40	3:39	8:30	1:00	4.40	10 10
Pioneer	7:48	3:46	8.36	1:15	4.55	10 20
Shaffer	8:01	*3:56	.....	1:35	5.17	....
Miller Farm	8:08	4:00	8:50	1.50	5.35	10·50
TITUS'LLE AR	8:25	4:20	9:07	2.25	6 10	11.05
DE	8:30	4:25	9.12	2:40	.....	11:15
Hydetown	8:40	4:34	9.22	3·00	.....	.....
Tryonville	8:54	4:50	*9 36	3:37	.....	.....
Centreville	9:04	5:00	*9 45	4:00	.....	12 0[illegible]
Glynden	*9:14	*5:11	.....	4.20	.....	.....
Spartansburg	9:26	5:24	10.07	4 40	...	...
CORRY	10:00	5:57	10.35	5 25	....	..5

ADDITIONAL SECOND-CLASS TRAINS NORTH.

No. 15 leaves Oil City 6:30, a. m., Rouseville 7:00, Tarr Farm, 7:40; Columbia, 7.50; Pet Centre, 8,15; Pioneer, 8:40; Miller, 9:15, arrives at Titusville, 9:45, a. m.

No. 17 leaves Oil City at 2:10 p. m.; Rouseville, 2.40 p. m.; Tarr Farm, 3:00 p. m.; arrives at Pet Centre at 3:20 p. m.

No. 7 leaves Titusville, 8:40 a. m. and arrives at Corry, 10:55 a. m.

No. 11 leaves Oil City 10-55 a. m.; Rouseville, 11:15, Rynd Farm 11:26, Tarr Farm 11:35, Columbia 11,45, Pet. Centre 12 15 p. m., Miller Farm 1:04, Titusville 1 55, arrives at Corry at 4 15 p m.

NO. 21, leaves Tidioute 1:10 p m., Trunkeyville 1:50, Tionesta 2:52, Oleopolis 3.57, arrives Oil City 4.50 p. m.

Nos. 5 and 6 run EVERY DAY, Sunday [illegible].

†No. 19 express train, [illegible] to Corry

*Stop on signal.

SILVER PALACE SLEEPING CAR TRAINS.

No. 4—Direct from Philadelphia without change.
No. 1—Direct to Philadelphia without change.
No. 5—Direct from Pittsburgh without change.
No. 6—Direct to Pittsburgh without change.

Monday, Nov. 28, 1870.

PITHOLE VALLEY R. R.

On and after SATURDAY, JANUARY 28, 1871, trains will run as follows:

TRAINS NORTHWARD.		STATIONS.		TRAINS SOUTHWARD.	
No. 4.	No. 2.	Arrive. Depart.		No. 1.	No. 3.
P. M.	A. M.			A. M.	P. M.
3:40	10 30	....Pithole City....		8 00	1:00
3 29	10:18	....Prather's Mill....		8 13	1:13
3.17	10.05	......Woods......		8.23	1 25
3.08	9 59	......Bennett......		8.30	1 30
2 50	9.41	......Oleopolis......		8.40	1.40
P. M.	A. M.	Depart. Arrive			

An EXTRA TRAIN leaves Pithole City on Saturdays at 6 20 p. m., making close connection at Oleopolis with trains on the Oil Creek & Allegheny River Railway for Corry and intermediate points.

The RETURN TRAIN leaves Oleopolis at 7:20 p. m., arriving at Pithole City at 7.55.

All other trains make close connection at Oleopolis with trains on Oil Creek & Allegheny River Railway north and south.

Train No. 2 makes close connection at Oil City with Fast Line on Allegheny Valley Railway for Pittsburgh and intermediate points.

Two lines of stages run daily between Pithole City, Miller Farm and Pleasantville, making connection with arriving and departing trains.

J. T. BLAIR, Superintendent
FID. BISHOP, Ticket Agent.
PITHOLE CITY, PA. feb2

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE R. R.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, DEC. 5th, 1870, the trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad will run as follows:

WESTWARD.

Mail Train leaves Philadelphia.......... 9.40 P M
" " " Corry.......... 6.00 P M
" " Arr. at Erie.......... 7:40 P M
Erie Express leaves Philadelphia.......12:49 P M
" " Corry.......... 6.00 A M
" " Arr. at Erie.......... 7:40 A M
Warren Accomodation leaves Warren... 8 20 A M
" " Corry.....10.00 A M
" " Arr. at Erie.....11:45 A M

EASTWARD.

Mail train leaves Erie.......... 9:00 A M
" " Corry.......... 10.45 A M
" " Arr. at Philadelphia.......... 6:50 A M
Erie Express leaves Erie.......... 9.00 P M
" " Corry.......... 10.40 P M
" " Arr. at Philadelphia.......... 5.30 P M
Warren Accommodation leaves Erie.......... 4.00 P M
" " Corry..... 6 05 P M
" " arrives Warren 7.30 P M

Express, Mail and Accommodation, East and West, connect at Corry and all West bound trains and Mail and Accommodation East at Irvineton with Oil Creek & Allegheny River R. R.

WM. A. BALDWIN, General Superintendent.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R.

New line to Buffalo, through the Oil Regions. DECEMBER 5, 1870.

GOING SOUTH.

Oil City, Franklin. Parker's. ar. Pitts'g,
Mail.......... 9.05 a m 9.52 a m 12 25 p m 5 50 p m
Day Express 2.30 p m 3 08 p m 5.05 p m 9 00 p m
Night Express.9:20 p m 10.00p m12 45 p m 6 25 a m

GOING NORTH.

Pittsburgh. Parker's. Franklin. ar. O. City
Day Express.7.20 a m 11:23 a m 1:55 p m 2.15 p m
Way Pass'g'r 8.35 a m 3:30 p m 5.55 p m 6 32 p m
Night Exp's 8.40 p m 2.40 a m 5.27 a m 6.35 a m

SILVER PALACE SLEEPING CARS on Night Express trains both ways between Pittsburgh and Corry. J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen. Supt.

THOS. M. KING, Asst. Supt.

BUFFALO, CORRY & PITTSBURGH R. R.

NORTHWARD TRAINS.

	Corry.	Brocton.	Buffalo
Express	9:45, a. m.,	12 05, p. m.,	2 00, p. m
Accommoda'n	2 05, p. m.,	3 25, p. m.	5 50 "
Way Freight	5.55, a. m.,	9 30 a. m.,	
Mail	5 50, p. m.,	8·35, p. m.,	10 50

SOUTHWARD TRAINS.

	Buffalo.	Brocton.	Corry
Mail	6.05, a. m.,	8.25, a. m.,	10:45, a. m
Express	11:05, "	2 20, p. m.,	4 15, p. m
Accommoda'n	4.30, p. m.,	7:05, "	10 30, "
Way Freight.		10.00, a. m.	2.00, p. m

Monday, January 2, 1871.

ERIE RAILWAY—

FRANKLIN BRANCH.

NORTHWARD:	Oil City:	Franklin:	Meadville
Express	9:00 A M;	9.30 A M,	11:50 A M
Fght & Accom	10:20 A M;	11:55 A M;	2:05 P M
Mail	4:10 P M;	4:40 P M;	6:15 P M
Accom	4.25 P M;	5.13 P M	7:30 P M
Fght & Accom	0:00 P M;	9:45 P M;	11:59 P M
SOUTHWARD:	Meadvle:	Franklin:	Oil City
Express	6:30 A M;	8.05 A M;	8.30 A M
Mail	11:50 A M	1:20 P M;	1:45 P M
Accom	9.30 A M;	12:50 P M;	2 50 P M
Accom	3:05 P M;	5:55 P M;	6 35 P M
"	5:45 A M;	8:40 A M;	9.30 A M

L. D. RUCKER, Genl Supt.

N. B.—Time 20 minutes slower than Oil Creek R. R. time. Dec. 5, 1870.

N. Y. C. AND H. R. RAILROAD

Monday, December 5, 1870.

EASTWARD.

Buffalo,	Rochester,	Syracuse,	Albany,	New York.
5.00 am	7.35 am	10.00 am	2.20 pm	7.30 pm
5.00 am	7.40 am	10.40 am	4.10 pm	9.50 pm
8.00 am	11.00 am	2.40 pm	9.30 pm	6.00 am
†11.20 pm	1.35 am	4.15 am	9.45 am	4.00 pm
......	2.00 pm	7.15 pm	12.40 am	6.45 am
*2.50 pm	5.30 pm	8.30 pm	1.50 am	7.15 am
6.45 pm	9.20 pm	12.37 am	6.00 am	12.00 m

WESTWARD.

New York.	Albany.	Syracuse.	Rochester,	Buffalo.
8.00 am	1.20 pm	6.20 pm	9.30 pm	1.00 am
10.00 am	2.40 pm	7.10 pm	9.50 pm	1.00 am
10.40 am	5.00 pm	11.50 pm	3.20 am	6.20 am
*6.00 pm	11.40 pm	5.55 am	9.20 am	12.20 pm
10.00 pm	1.15 am	6.40 am	9.40 am	12.20 pm
11.00 pm	7.30 am	2.05 pm	5.40 pm	9.00 pm

*Runs every day in the week.
†Runs Sundays and Mondays from Utica only
‡Will not run Sunday nights.

J. TILLINGHAST, General Superintendent.

de3

LAKE SHORE & MICHIGAN SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

(BUFFALO DIVISION.)

EASTWARD TRAINS.

Chicago.	Clevel'd.	Erie.	Brocton.	Buffalo
9.20 am	10 05 pm	*1:10 am	2 30 am	4 10 am
15:35 pm	7:45 am	11.00 am	12 16 pm	2.20 pm
9:20 pm	11 00 am	2 35 pm	4.00 pm	5.50 pm
....	4:00 pm	7 25 pm	8 45 pm	10.30 pm
....	....	6,15 am	7:51 am	10:15 am

WESTWARD TRAINS.

Buffalo.	Brocton.	Erie.	Clevel'd.	Chicago
*12:45 am	2.30 am	3 45 am	6:55 am	8.20 pm
6 05 am	8 20 am	10 05 am	2.05 pm	6:50 am
†12.05 pm	2 07 pm	2 40 pm	7:00 pm	6:20 am
‡8 45 pm	11 02 pm	12 30 am	4.30 am	9.20 pm
4.30 pm	6 52 pm	8.30 pm		

*Runs daily except Mondays. †Runs daily. ‡Runs daily except Saturdays. All other trains daily except Sundays. CHAS. F. HATCH, Gen. Sup't, Cleveland, Ohio.

JOHN DESMOND, Div. Sup't, Buffalo, N. Y

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